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The North Carolinian.

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THE NORTH CAROLINIAN
POWER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT
Is supplied with all the requisites for doing first-class Job Printing business, and promptly executes Wedding Cards, Visiting Cards, Business Cards, Ball Cards, Fancy Show Cards, Posters, Handbills, Programmes, Billheads, Dodgers, Bills of Fare, Wine Cards, Law Cases and Points, Statements, Pamphlets, Circulars, Books, etc., in the latest and neatest styles and at the lowest prices. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

Recompense.

Straightway through my heart this fact today
By truth's own hand is driven;
God never takes one thing away
But something else is given.

I did not know in earlier years
This law of love and kindred,
But without hope, through bitter years,
I mourned in sorrow's blindness.

And ever following each regret
For some departed treasure,
My sad repining heart was met
With unexpected pleasure.

I thought it only happened so,
But time this truth has taught me;
No least thing from my life can go
But something else is brought me.

It is the law, complete, sublime,
And now with faith unshaken,
In patience I but bide my time
When any joy is taken.

—Ella Wheeler Wilcox.

IN PASTURES NEW.

Phillippa, Now, and Uncle John, Fat, Forty and not such a fool as he looks. Scene: A Drawing Room in Suburbia.

Uncle John (putting down his newspaper as Phillippa enters)—Very glad to see you, my dear. Enjoyed myself immensely, thank you. Delightful yacht; French cook; choppy sea. Can't believe I've been away three months. Quite well—dear? That's right. And jogging along pretty much the same as usual, I suppose.

Phillippa (seating herself opposite in a straight-backed chair, and with dignity)—I have ceased to jog, uncle, for the past nine weeks.

Uncle John—What—eh? Ceased to jog, my dear? Very enterprising of you, I am sure. Struck out a new line, I suppose. Gone in for a slum perhaps. Very nice thing a slum, I am told. Dirt, drink and socialism most picturesque.

Phillippa—You are mistaken, uncle. Charity is so old-fashioned that ——

Uncle John—That you have written a novel. Very clever indeed. There is a certain delicacy and refinement about a lady's novel that no man, to my thinking, not even a Frenchman, has ever attained. Not a novel? Rights and wrongs from a platform perhaps. Such a charming speaker, my dear Phillippa, could convert me to anything.

Phillippa—You will oblige me, Uncle John, by being as little frivolous as possible. Charity is played out, as I said. Every one writes novels, and woman's rights are not attracting much attention. I have gone in for the physical development of our sex in fields (both actual and metaphorical fields, as our leader says) which men have hitherto usurped for their exclusive possession—and I am prepared to meet unflinchingly any amount of opposition which you may offer the cause in my person.

Uncle John (resting his newspaper on his stout knees and looking up)—Opposition! From me! What in the world should have made you suppose that, my love? I oppose you? Not at all. Oh the other hand, a cause as noble as the one you have named claims all my sympathy. Physical development, my dear! What more needed in a class of persons who can get into No. 3 shoes and No. 6 gloves. I am not personal in the least, I assure you, Phillippa. All women take three in shoes and six in gloves—or they say they do, which is the same thing. Yes—yes, Phillippa, I can promise your cause my most zealous and devoted support.

Phillippa (rather taken aback by a reception which totally differs from her expectations)—I am glad of it, if you had disapproved I should have been compelled to act without your approval.

Uncle John—Certainly, my love, certainly!

Phillippa—And have not indeed waited for it, in that I was, I trust, a not inefficient member of the winning team in the public football match, of which you may have seen an account in the papers a few weeks back.

Uncle John—To be sure I did. A vulgar and prejudiced account, if I am not mistaken—but still an account, and and in the public press. Dear—dear me—what a prond moment it would have been if I could have turned on all those ill-bred scoffers at Nice (British gentlemen, too, they called themselves) and said: "Gentleman, beware! My niece is a member of the Ladies' Football Club! Disrespect it at your peril!"

Phillippa—You would oblige me and other members, uncle, by substituting women for the more antiquated word, we——

Uncle John—You can rely upon me, my love, never to call you ladies again. And were you much damaged at the match, Phillippa?

Philippa (with an irrepressible note of alarm in her voice)—Killed, uncle! What in the world should make you suppose that?

Uncle John (casually)—Oh, one of the players generally is, you know. Danger adds to the excitement—don't you think?

Philippa (rather faintly) — Yes. But of course football is the only way—of developing ourselves, uncle. I practise that, certainly, a good deal by myself in our back garden, but—what are you laughing at?

Uncle John—Laughing, my love? Not at all. It's this cough I caught on board.

Philippa (reassured)—And there's bicycling, too.

Uncle John—Capital sport that—capital. Very glad you go in for that. Saw a young fellow—by-the-by, I am not sure it wasn't a young woman—on Reigate hill last summer slipping down at a beautiful pace—come off—, head over heels. Picked up—life extinct. Sad, of course—not unusual. Wear trousers, Phillippa.

Phillippa (outraged)—Uncle!

Uncle John—I beg your pardon, my love, I am sure. Er—how are you clothed for these sports, I mean to say.

Phillippa—We wear what delicate-minded people call rational dress. Then there's hockey. We play that against men, you know. And if they did not cheat most horribly, I know we should win sometimes.

Uncle John—Of course, my love, of course. Fine game, too. Ever seen Robert Matthews? No? Well, I'm glad of it. Front teeth, nose, upper lip broken in one match—in another, jaw, collar-bone and a finger. Still, it's a fine game, hockey; fine game.

Phillippa (rather tremulously)—All games seem dangerous according to you. I don't believe it. What about cricket? We go in for that.

Uncle John—Not much danger there. Disfiguring only. Know a young fellow who had his nose flattened—young woman wouldn't marry him. Black eyes with beefsteaks on them for weeks. Nothing more than that.

Phillippa (with some slight exertion)—However dangerous these games are no one can deny that they are splendid for physical developement.

Uncle John—He would be a fool who did. Why, my dear, you'll be pleased to know I notice quite a change in you already. Hands larger and redder. Feet getting quite—rational. A month or two's training on raw beefsteaks and that kind of thing and we shall have you as tough and hard as a prize-fighter.

Phillippa (dissolving into tears)—You needn't make it sound so hideous as that.

Uncle John—Hideous! Not at all. Seen with the physically developed eye it is beauty. As for muscle—ever seen those pictures of Samson's arms, Phillipa? I assure you you needn't despair of getting yours like that in time, with your football and cycling, and cricket and hockey. And though they won't perhaps have the soft, plump, little out of date prettiness that only does for the ball room—considered physically developed, if I may use the term, they will be splendid.

Philippa (still somewhat moved)—And what horrid things the undeveloped girls will say about them.

Uncle John—Oh, that wouldn't matter. Not more than the horrid things the Great Unwashed shouted at the football match, and the underbred journalists wrote afterwards. And as for really disgraceful things—Charlie's remarks — you remember your cousin Charles—about the football women (of course he did not know that you played) were quite unfit for publication.

Phillippa, (rather eagerly with heightened color)—I didn't know that Charlie disapproved of physical progress.

Uncle John—Oh! he's quite effete you know. Said he'd let no wife of his make a fool of herself in—rational dress, before a gallery of roughs, who only served her right by telling her the truth.

Phillippa (with more tears)—Did he really?

(There is a pause. Uncle John reads his paper unmoved.)

Phillippa (timidly)—I think, uncle, I will write to the secretaries and say I have not been been well lately. I think I should like a change.

Uncle John—Abroad, my dear?

Phillippa—Yes, and we don't mention physical development to any one we meet.

Uncle John—Not for worlds, my love. Suppose we go to Nice. Charlie has his yacht there. Do you think Nice will do?

(Phillippa thinks it will. It does)—Black and White.

What the Goat Had for Lunch.

Six years ago the baggage department the Northern Pacific road issued and order that no goats could be transported in baggage cars. A peculiar incident brought about the general order. A goat had been placed in a baggage car that was bound for the Pacific coast. During the trip the animal had eaten the leather straps that hold the brass checks to the trunk. When Portland was reached the checks were all on the floor of the car and there was no way of identifying the trunks. It took nearly three months to straighten out the tangle and the general order was issued. The rule has never been disobeyed until the last few weeks.

C. E. Stone, city ticket agent of the Northern Pacific ticket office in St. Paul, generally makes contracts with traveling shows that pass over the road. He had an Uncle Tom's Cabin company recently, with bloodhounds and a donkey, that was booked in towns along the road. Among the properties of the show were a small wagon in which were seated two goats that were used to give a parade. Contrary to orders, agent Stone took the goats and had them put in a baggage car with the bloodhounds and the donkey.

In the same car were two bicycles belonging to a man and his wife. During the night the goats dined on veritable wind pudding, for they ate up the pneumatic tires of the bicycle and chewed the cork handles for a dessert. The owners of the bicycles filed a claim with the company. The claim was referred to the baggage department. When it reached agent Stone there was a copy of the prohibitory order attached to it, with instructions that the one who was responsible for the violation of the rules should pay the claim of $60. Agent Stone will "dig up" a portion of his monthly stipend to settle with the claimants.—Minneapolis Times.

Preserving Wooden Posts.

Posts for telegraph service are prepared in Switzerland by a process that commends itself for cheapness and inventiveness. On a skeleton framework of wood, standing something like twenty-five or thirty feet above the ground, is a tank with a capacity of about two hundred gallons. From this a pipe falls to within two or three feet of the ground where it joins a cluster of pipes, each having a cap, to the centre of which the pipe is attached. The poles are placed on an inclined plane, the larger ends up, then on each is clamped one of these caps, so arranged that no liquid can escape except through the fibers of the wood. Troughs are placed underneath them to catch drippings, and a solution of sulphate of copper descends from the tank through these pipes. There is sufficient fall to produce a pressure which drives the solution through the wood. As it drips out at the smaller and lower ends of the poles it is gathered and returned to the tank. When sufficiently saturated the poles are dried. The chemical has so penetrated the wood as to render it much more durable than by any other known process.—Ledger.

Novel Headache Cure.

The latest cure suggested for the relief of headache is a hair cut. A certain physician in London has met with great success lately in his treatment of persistent cases of "nervous" headaches, and he has finally disclosed the secret.

In each case, he says, after the patient had laid bare a long tale of woe—of sleepless nights and miserable days—he prescribed briefly, a simple hair cut. It is not necessary that the hair should be cropped off short, after the fashion of convicts.

The curative property of the treatment is based on the fact that the tube which is contained in each single hair is severed in the process, and the brain "bleeds," as the barbers say, thereby opening a safety valve for the congested cranium. A commentor in the London society press, in referring to this cure, says:

"Try the cure when next attacked by headache, and, if the result be not satisfactory, rest assured that is not the fault of the prescription, but that the head is so wooden that it wooden't act.—New York Journal.

Pineapples in California.

During the past four years, says the San Diego (Cal) Journal, experiments in pineapple growing in portless sections around San Diego bay have proved very successful. Mr. R. R. Morrison showed a specimen of the Porto Rico variety from Cubs, weighing six pounds, juicy and high flavored from a plant three and a half years old. Six varieties have grown without protection in the open air, and fruit can be ripened almost all seasons of the year. In fact, Mr. Morrison has had them in bearing ten mounths of the year. One secret of success is the control of water supply during ripening, so that they keep well for several weeks in the house or when shipped long distances. In the tropics the excessive rainfall during ripening causes them to decay as soon as ripe. The flavor is also improved by withholding water at this time.

Strange Case of Instinct.

A strange instance of animal instinct occurred at the Theatre Royal, Middlesborough, England, during the performance of pantomine. In the pantomine is introduced a minature circus with ponies, baboon and a donkey.

While putting the baboon through its paces the trainer noticed how eagerly it sought the footlights and scanned the first row of the stalls. A seafarman, who was evidently the object of interest to the baboon, uttered a peculiarly distinctive cry, when instantly the baboon sprang across the footlights into his arms.

An inquiry on the part of the acting manager elicited the extraordinary fact that the seamen had originally brought the baboon from its native land, but that was several years ago.—New York Journal.

Uncertain.

"I'm sorry I stole the preserves, ma."

"Ah, your conscience is troubling you, is it!"

"I don't know exactly. Where is my conscience, ma?"—Yonkers Statesman.

CANADA'S COAL COMES.

STEAMERS LADEN WITH FOREIGN COAL SUPPLY OUR FACTORIES.

Iron Ore and Pig Iron Also Coming From Abroad—The First "Touch" of Free Trade Injures American Miners—Southern States the Greatest Sufferers.

The Dominion Coal Company, of Canada, for whose welfare and prosperity both the President and the free traders were so solicitous when passing their "reform" tariff bill in 1894, has been rather cautious in attempting to capture our markets since the duty on coal was lowered. Now, however, they have made a beginning. The Fall River Daily Herald, January 27, noted the arrival of a foreign steamer from Louisberg, Cape Breton Island, "with a cargo of soft coal," adding:

"The Bratten is the first steamer that has run to this port with coal since away back in the forties, and her cargo of foreign coal is the first to come in here for ten years. The coal was shipped by the Dominion Coal Company, of Boston, who intend to put this coal on the market. The Dominion Coal Company was organized three years ago by Henry M. Whitney, of Boston. The corporation has purchased mines in the Cape Breton Island and claims the quality of the coal to be far superior to that found in Nova Scotia. The coal will be put on the local market cheaper than any other coal of the same grade."

This will be interesting news to our friends in the South, notably to those in West Virginia who were once deluded into voting for Professor Wilson. Every ton of this coal that comes from Her British Majesty's Dominion will supplant a ton of our American coal. Every ton of this coal that is mined for our markets affords work for Canadian miners. At the same time it deprives American miners of a similar amount of work. Each fire or furnace that burns a ton of this coal shuts off the demand for a ton of American coal.

Half a century has elapsed since a foreign steamship, laden with foreign coal, has entered Fall River. The coal is said to be of good quality, in fact "far superior to that found in Nova Scotia." So much the worse for American miners. The better the quality, and the more cheaply it can be mined, so much the harder upon our people. We trust that this "object lesson" will not be lost upon West Virginia, nor upon Kentucky and Maryland, two Southern States that acknowledged the wisdom of a protective policy; nor upon those other Southern States that do need protection, but which have not yet acknowledged it.

The free trade experience of the sheep farmers will be felt, though to a less degree, by the miners both of coal and iron. Their experience, however, will not be so disastrous, because the Democrats were checked in their efforts to give us absolute free trade in coal and in iron ore, succeeding only in lowering the tariff on these two articles. The results, as far as coal is concerned, we have shown. Of foreign iron ore we imported no less than 524,153 tons last year, an increase of 355,612 tons over the imports of 1894. Last year we sent abroad $786,207 to pay for foreign iron ore, and $1,337,978 to pay for foreign pig iron, nearly a million dollars more than in 1894. This is not good news for the workers in our iron mines, though it is but a "touch" of free trade.

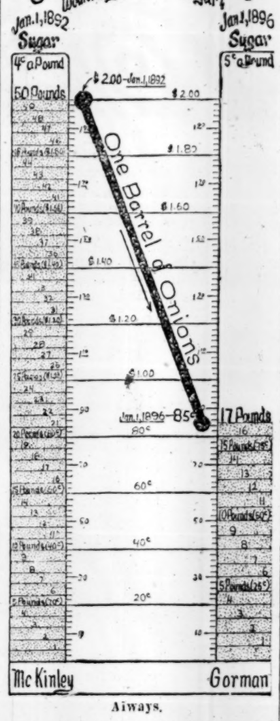
Cause and Effect.

Mr. Cleveland is unable to judge between what is "cause" and what is "effect." The greenbacks are not the cause why our gold reserve is steadily falling. If they were all called in to-morrow, gold would continue to be exported, if the balance of trade continued to be against us.—John C. Freund.

The Free Trade Liar.

"This amount (which England annually purchases from us) varies a little from year to year, but it averages $500,000,000 annually."—New York Herald.

But in 1894 it was only $395,149,525, and in 1895 only $389,789,254 A free trade lie involving a little more than $100,000,000 a year is nothing to a Democratic editor.



Always.

Reduce the tariff and labor is the first to suffer.—Hon. Wm. McKinley.

A Free Trade Crusade.

Bennett, of the New York Herald starts to capture the markets of the world.

And meets with a royal and overwhelming reception.

EXPORTS OF MANUFACTURES.

Analysis of That Great Increase Reported by Democrats.

Free traders have been very joyful over an increase in our exports of American manufactured goods. As long as this is not brought about by the sacrifice of our home market it is, indeed, an encouraging sign. Last year, 1895, we sold in foreign countries $23,351,832 more of our manufactures than in 1894. This includes an increase of $14,249,971 in our exports of mineral oil, refined or manufactured, leaving only $9,101,831 of increase for all other manufactures exported. But the larger value of our mineral oil exports has been of no value to American labor because it represented shipments of 42,114,075 gallons less oil in 1895 than in 1894. The refining or manufacturing of 42,000,000 gallons less oil for export has deprived labor of work. The increase in value merely represents an increase in the profits of the oil combine, which advanced the price of oil so sharply last year. It did no good to American labor. Our labor suffered through having less oil to refine or manufacture, and our labor also suffered through having to pay more money for oil when earning lower wages.

Excepting the oil exports, we have $9,101,831 worth more of American manufactures shipped abroad last year than in 1894. Against this we must set the increase in our imports of foreign manufactures, thus leaving the following exhibit:

EXPORTS OF MANUFACTURES:

Total increase, 1895 over 1894	$23,351,832
Mineral oil, refined or manufactured, decrease in quantity, gals.	42,114,075
Increase in value	14,249,971
Increase in all other manufactured exports	$9,101,831
Increase in all manufactured imports	92,613,090
Net loss to the United States	$83,511,259

If it is advantageous to us to increase our exports by $9,101,831, it must be correspondingly more advantageous to the foreign countries that increased their exports by $92,613,090. Deducting our small gain from their greater gain leaves a net loss of $83,511,259 to our manufacturers through the capture of our markets by foreigners, over and above the amount of their markets that we captured.

It should be noted that our manufactured exports do not include such a product as flour, which is certainly equally as much a "manufacture" as oil. In 1894 we exported flour worth $58,924,705, but in 1895 only $50,292,886, a decrease of $8,631,820. Had this manufactured product been included in the Democratic Treasury statement, our total excess of exports last year would have dwindled down to $470,011, as compared with increased imports of manufactures worth $92,613,090. It is just as well to be more thoroughly explanatory than the free traders are.

Senator Pritchard for Protection.

The Wilson bill had for its object the promotion of the interest of those who live in foreign lands. It preferred the coal of Nova Scotia to that of Kentucky, West Virginia and Tennessee. It preferred the cheap wool of Australia to the wool of the farmers living in Illinois, Iowa, Ohio, Texas and the other great wool growing States of this Union. It preferred the iron, corundum, koalin and marble of foreign countries to that of Vermont, Pennsylvania, North Carolina, Tennessee, Virginia and Alabama. It preferred the baled hay of Canada to that of Illinois, Tennessee, Kentucky, North Carolina, Ohio and the other great agricultural States. It interrupted the tide of immigration and capital which was pouring into the South from New England and other sections under the beneficent influences of the McKinley law, and drove back to their respective homes in a great measure that desirable class of citizens who engage in mining iron koalin, talo and marble, which so abundantly abounds in Tennessee Alabama, Virginia, Kentucky, Georgia and North Carolina. By its operation thousands of laboring men were thrown out of employment. It resulted in the withdrawal of millions of dollars from the only avenue of business by which it could be reached by the laboring men of our section.—Hon. Jeter C. Pritchard, U. S. Senator of North Carolina.

BALLINGTON BOOTH ARMY

"God's American Volunteers" the Name Adopted.

SCOPE OF THE ORGANIZATION.

Description of the Flag Which is to Be Carried Beside the American Flag in All Parades---A G. A. V. Button---Various Meetings at Which the New Organization Was Enthusiastically Cheered.

NEW YORK CITY, March 16.—Henceforth the followers of Ballington Booth, the seceder from the British parent organization, "The Salvation Army," will be known as "God's American Volunteers." Commander Booth formally announced the name of the new organization, and the christening was attended by the enthusiastic cheering of a large number of the Commander's supporters who happened to be at the Bible House headquarters. When the cheering had ceased Commander Booth said:

"I am glad to hear those cheers. I take them as an omen of success. An organization of which God is the real leader, and at whose christening there is a baptism of American patriotism, must succeed."

Commander Booth said that he and Mrs. Booth had been busy, not alone in clearing away a great accumulation of correspondence, but in drafting a constitution and by-laws for the organization. The constitution is not yet ready for publication, but one of its articles has reference to the flag. The article reads:

The standard of God's American volunteers, while being emblematical of the cardinal principles and truths in which we believe and seek to propagate, yet shall be distinctly American.

Accordingly, the ground of the standard shall be white, emblematical of purity. In the centre there shall be a five-pointed blue star, typical of hope. In the centre of this star there shall be a white cross, emblematical of sacrifice for others. In that upper corner of the standard nearest the staff there shall be, on a blue field, as many white stars as there are States in the Union.

Over the central blue star shall be blazoned the Volunteers' motto "The Lord, Our Banner!" Beneath the star shall be designated the number of the post to which the standard is presented.

The standard shall be carried by a color sergeant at parades, side by side with the American flag. God Almighty grant that the principles and truths represented by this standard may be preserved for all time!

Each branch of the Volunteers will be called a post, and the meeting place of each post will be called an armory. As the members of the Grand Army of the Republic are known as members of the G. A. R., so the American Volunteers may be known as the members of the G. A. V. The Grand Army men have their G. A. R. buttons. The G. A. Vs. will have their button. The design will be an American flag, bearing a vignette of Commander Booth.

COMMANDER BOOTH SPEAKS.

A Letter of General Grant's Sold to Swell the Volunteers' Treasury.

ORANGE, N. J., March 16.—Twelve hundred people crowded Music Hall to hear Commander Ballington Booth speak at a meeting of the American Volunteers. Not until late did it become known that he was to be in the city, nevertheless every seat in the hall was occupied and 300 people stood.

Commander Booth described the flag, explained the significance of its colors and emblems, and then set forth the aims of the new movement. He did not refer to any criticisms of his secession from the Salvation Army, but devoted himself to stating what the American Volunteers would do, speaking especially of the desire to work in the prisons and among the so-called middle classes, although not neglecting the slum work. He closed with a brief religious address and an invitation to those present to come forward to the platform. Mr. Booth announced that a weekly paper in the interest of the Volunteers would soon be issued.

Mrs. Mary Grant Cramer, of East Orange, a sister of General Grant, who was in the audience, would, it was announced, sell an autograph letter of her brother's to the highest bidder, the money to go to the new movement. It was sold for $34. The purchaser will advertise it for sale and turn the proceeds over to Commander Booth. Commander Booth was enthusiastically cheered at the conclusion of his address.

Under the New Flag.

NEWARK, N. J., March 16.—Commander Booth's adherents in Newark packed the Essex Lyceum to the doors, and the head of the American Volunteers was received with cheers and applause. He described the new flag and the uniform, except the bonnet to be worn by the women. He said: "The shape of the new bonnet is a secret of Mrs. Booth's, and, as she is the only woman I pretend to obey, the description will have to come from her. This much I will say, it will make the ladies look much younger than those they were wearing."

He requested the officers and privates of the new movement not to engage in any public or private conflict with the members of the Salvation Army.

The audience was stirred to great enthusiasm when he said: "Our standard will be carried, not before, but side by side with the American National colors." He said the plans of the new movement were undeveloped at present, but would be in good shape soon. But few persons were present at the Salvation Army services.

Americans the Chess Champions.

The great international chess contest played between Brooklyn and London by cable has resulted in a victory for the American team and the challenge trophy offered by Sir G. Newnew will cross the water. The American team won three games out of five, the remaining three games being drawn. The total score was 4½ games for America to 2½ games for Great Britain. Barry and Barille, who hail from Boston, and Showalter, the Kentuckian, were the successful contestants. Pillsbury's reputation got a black eye from Blackburne, and Baird was easy for Jackson. Hodges, Hymes and Delmar divided honors with their British opponents.

Hanged for Shooting His Sister.

Albert Wallace, who shot and killed his sister, Mrs. Bowlsky, a year ago, while she was playing an organ in her parlor, was hanged at Pekin, Ill. He declined to make a statement on the scaffold. A few minutes prior to the murder he stood at the organ and joined his sister in a song.

Minor Mention.

It is said that Sir George Newnes, a London publisher, for whom a yacht is building by the Henderson Brothers, of Glasgow, will challenge for the America's Cup in 1897.

Two years ago there were supposed to be about 200 buffalo in the Yellowstone Park. The present estimate is one-quarter of that number, the others having been killed by poachers.

It is proposed by the Senate and House Committees to make an appropriation sufficient to complete the work of coast defenses in the United States in about seven years by furnishing the engineers of the army $10,000,000 a year.

The estate of the late Edgar Wilson Nye, the humorist, is said to figure up between $50,000 and $60,000. His income is said to have been $30,000 a year from his newspaper sketches, but this is doubtful.

Dawson Oldham, a seventy-eight-year-old resident of White Hall, Ky., never has missed a sermon at the Methodist Church in that place in the forty years he has been a member. He never has used tobacco in any form, nor has he tasted whisky.

Mr. Thomas Caperton Davis, of Waco, Ky., has for years read the Bible through three times annually, from Genesis to Revelations. On Sunday, February 16, Mr. Davis completed his first reading of the entire Bible this year, only forty-five days being occupied in the task. Mr. Davis is seventy-five years of age.

MOST BEAUTIFUL QUEEN IN THE WORLD.

MARGUERITE OF SAVOY, QUEEN OF ITALY.

According to the Chicago Times-Herald, Margherite of Savoy, Queen of Italy, is not only the most beautiful Queen in all the world, but the most cultured, gracious and loveliest as well. Marguerite Teresa Maria Giovanna was born on November 20, 1851. Her father was Ferdinand, Duke of Genoa, who died when she was four years old; her mother is a sister of the present King of Saxony. Italy's Queen is not domestic. She loves fashions, letters, art. She is fond of sovereignity and the endless work of social duty and patronage it involves. She is fitted physically for these things, for her face is beautiful, her figure tall and aristocratic, her hair a delight in chestnut brown, her arms and shoulders perfect, her movements full of grace, her manner ever dignified, always charming.

ENGLAND HELPS ITALY.

France Threatens to Intervene and a War Cloud Rises.

GREAT REJOICING AT ROME.

Premier Rudini Says There Can Be No Peace in Abyssinia Till Italy Has Secured an Honorable Position---The Ministry Asks for a Credit to Carry on the War---Paris Excited.

ROME, Italy, March 18.—The ceremonies in the Chamber of Deputies when the Marquis di Rudini, the new Italian Prime Minister, presented to the Chamber the newly formed Cabinet, were imposing. Four hundred Deputies were present. Premier di Rudini began his address to the Chamber thus:

"Our first thought turns to the brave soldiers who have fallen in Africa in defence of the flag. Let us send a message of sympathy and hope to those who are still maintaining the honor of Italy in that country. Events of which Parliament will have to judge have led our sons to disaster, due to want of military preparation. Whoever is responsible for the disaster will be punished."

He denied the truth of the rumors of the Government's acceptance of proposals for peace with Abyssinia, and announced that the Government would ask for a credit of $30,000,000 for the purpose of continuing the campaign until Italy had obtained an honorable situation.

"The late Ministry," the Premier continued, "ordered the opening of negotiations for peace. We have continued the negotiations and will still continue to treat, but we will not accept any conditions except such as will reinstate the National honor."

The Premier's speech was greatly applauded, the Radicals being especially pleased with his statement in opposition to colonial expansion. Other groups, however, found the Government's intentions in Africa, as outlined by the Premier, obscure and contradictory.

ENGLAND IS THREATENED.

France Does Not Approve of Her Expedition to Dongola.

LONDON, March 18.—Whoever reads between the lines of the news from Europe plainly sees that England must back down again and drop the Egyptian campaign, undertaken to aid Italy in her Abyssinian troubles, or face a very ugly attitude of both France and Russia.

It was announced in Parliament that after consultation with Sir Evelyn Wood, Sir Redvers Buller and Sir Francis Grenfell, Lord Wolseley counselled the Government unless in a case of great emergency it would not be advisable on account of the impending hot weather and lowness of the Nile to advance further than seventy or eighty miles to Akashes, some considerable distance this side of Dongola. Lord Cromer called attention to the difficulty of transporting supplies for a force of eight to ten thousand men beyond this place. No further advance, therefore, is deemed possible until the Nile rises in September.

The Temps and Journal des Desbats join the French chorus against the expedition, which, it is generally believed, is simply a move on the part of Great Britain to solidify and make permanent her occupation in Egypt.

The Italians Enthusiastic.

ROME, Italy, March 18.—The Italian press are very enthusiastic over the statement made by Mr. George N. Curzon, Under Foreign Secretary, in the British House of Commons, in regard to the British expedition into the Soudan. The Popolo Romano says it is impossible to exaggerate the importance of the statement. For the first time, the paper says the British Government proclaims to Europe her alliance with Italy. The Italian Government is informed that a large Italian caravan has reached Kassala. It met with no opposition from the Dervishes.

A Ship Blown to Pieces.

A despatch from Boma, capital of the Congo Free State, Africa, says the British steamer Matadi, has been destroyed at Boma by an explosion of gunpowder. Twenty-five passengers were killed. The vessel had on board twelve tons of gunpowder, all of which was ignited, blowing the ship into fragments.

England's New War.

It was announced in the House of Commons that the British Government does not contemplate occupation of the Soudan, but that the advance on Dongola is intended simply as a diversion to aid the Italian arms in Africa in the interest of all Europe.

Suicide of a Postmaster.

Chief Postoffice Inspector Wheeler received at Washington a telegram from Inspectors Sutton and Reed, who have been inspecting the office at Kansas City, Kan., reporting an apparent shortage of $8803.4 Frank Mates, the postmaster, committed suicide, shooting himself through the head. The office was turned over to his sureties.

Mobilized Forces of Spain.

The mobilized forces of Spain, according to the latest Government reports, are estimated at about 176,035, exclusive of officers, with 590 large guns. Of the reserve forces, there are estimated as available 5590 officers and 585,000 men of the First Reserve and 1,217,000 of the Second Reserve.

KENTUCKY DEADLOCK OVER.

The Legislature Adjourns Without Electing a Senator.

"Everlasting, eternally and forever," according to the resolution, the Joint Assembly of the Kentucky Legislature adjourned at Frankfort. The entire session was a failure. Primarily, the chief business of the body, the provision of ways and means, and the enactment of just laws for the conduct and administration of government, was neglected, and in addition there was presented the rare spectacle of a State Capitol filled with troops, enforcing martial law. And lastly, the election of a representative of the State in the highest body in the land failed of accomplishment.

The joint session began promptly at noon amid a din of voices inside, and trumpets, bugles and drums outside. The Senators and newspaper men filed into the House hall. The lobbies were filled with ladies and State officials. While the crowd was gathering a group sang the Doxology. The preliminary roll call disclosed the fact that Dunlap (Rep.) seated in place of Kaufman (Dem.) was not present. No Democrats answered to their names. The Chair announced that sixty-six members had answered to their names, but that a ballot would be taken to see if seventy, a quorum, were present and voting.

The ballot began, and not a man, Republican or Democrat, answered to his name during the call of the Senate roll.

Mr. Howard moved that the session be dissolved everlastingly, eternally and forever. His motion was carried with a wild yell. A member started up the Doxology and the crowd in the lobby joined in.

Senator Blackburn sat in the Senate cloak room surrounded by his friends smiling at his satisfaction at having accomplished all he had really hoped for from the beginning.

CUBAN REPUBLIC POSTAGE STAMPS.

They Have Been Issued in New York for Use if Spanish Power Is Overthrown.

The first issue of Cuban postage stamps, designed by the revolutionists in New York City, and intended for use in Cuba, has just been circulated. When the stamps were issued there was a great rush for them among collectors. The stamp shown in the accompanying cut is twice the actual size, the original being a trifle longer than our two-cent stamp. They were printed in denominations of two, five, ten and twenty-five cents. All are of the same design, but differ in color.

CUBAN REPUBLIC POSTAGE STAMP.

In case the Spanish power is overthrown in the island, the stamps will be adopted as the National stamp. They are now of no practical service, excepting in certain parts of Cuba where the revolutionists are in power, and where they maintain a mail service of their own.

Statue to Americans.

The Government of Venezuela has decreed the erection of a bronze statue in Maracaibo in memory of the ten Americans who were executed by the Spaniards in 1826 for fighting for the cause of Venezuelan independence.

A Man and Two Boys Killed.

A train struck a wagon at Camden, N. J., and killed a man and two boys. The victims are: James Coleman, sixty-seven years old, driver for R. T. Robinson, provision dealer; Frank McCluskey, six years old; Charles Price, seven years old. The boys were riding with Coleman. How the accident happened is not clear.

Defeat for Maceo.

A despatch from Havana, Cuba, says that General Linares has defeated Maceo's force, near Candelaria, a town in the eastern part of the province of Pinar del Rio.

Telegraphic Ticks.

Manitoba now talks of seceding.

The grip is epidemic in England.

An opera house is being erected at Johannesburg, South Africa.

Sugar has already advanced two cents as a result of the Cuban war.

Hungary is about to celebrate its thousandth birthday by six months of festivity.

The Standard Oil Company continues to increase its holdings in the Tennessee oil field.

The property of the Salvation Army in this country is valued at something more than $4,000,000.

THE BEST

SPRING MEDICINE

s SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR. Don't forget to take it. Now is the time you need it most to wake up your Liver. A sluggish Liver brings on Malaria, Fever and Ague, Rheumatism, and many other ills which shatter the constitution and wreck health. Don't forget the word REGULATOR you want. The word REGULATOR distinguishes it from all other remedies. And, besides this, SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR is a Regulator of the Liver, keeps it properly at work, that your system may be kept in good condition.

FOR THE BLOOD take SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR. It is the best blood purifier and corrector. Try it and note the difference. Look for the RED Z on every package. You wont find it on any other medicine, and there is no other Liver remedy like SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR—the King of Liver Remedies. Be sure you get it.

J. H. Zeilin & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

Norfolk and Southern R. R.

Schedule in effect Nov'r 25, 1895.

Norfolk & Southern R. R. Mail and Express trains, Southbound, daily (except Sundays, leave Elizabeth City, at 11:40, A. M., and a 5:50 P. M, Northbound, daily, except Sundays leave Elizabeth City at 2:45 P. M., and 9:00 A. M. The trains arrive at and depart from Norfolk & Western depot, Norfolk; connect at Norfolk with all Rail and steamer lines, and at Edenton with Steamer for Roanoke, Yeshic, Chowan and Scuppernong rivers; transfer steamers to Mackey's Ferry, thence by Norfolk & Southern R. R. to Pantego and Belhaven, connecting with steamer Virginia Dare for Makeleyville, Aurora, Washington and all intermediate landings.

EASTERN CAROLINA DISPATCH AND OLD DOMINION LINE.

The steamer Neuse leaves Elizabeth City Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6 P. M., for Newbern, connecting withthe A. & N. C. R. R. for Goldsboro, Kinston and Morehead city, and with the W. S. & N. R. R. for Jacksonville, Wilmington, N. C., etc. Returning, leave Newbern Monday, Wednesday and Friday, stopping at Roanoke Island going and returning.

Tickets on sale at Elizabeth City Station to Roanoke Island, Newberne, Kinston, Goldsboro, Morchead City and Wilmington, N. C.

Daily all rail service between Elizabeth City and New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Norfolk.

Through cars and as low rates and quicker time than by any other route.

Direct all goods to be shipped via Eastern Carolina Dispatch as follows: From Norfolk by Norfolk & Southern Railroad; Baltimore, by P. W. & B. R. R., President street station; Philadelphia, Pennsylvania R. R., Dock Street Station; New York, by Pennsylvania R. R., Pier 27 North River, and Old Dominion Line.

For further information apply to M. H. Snowden, Agent, Elizabeth City, or to the General Office of the Norfolk & Southern R. R. Company, Norfolk, Va.

M. K. KING, Gen'l Manag'r. H. C. HUDGINS, Gen'l Ft. & Pass'r Agt.

GEORGE W. BELL,

Gun-Smith,

At the Old Stand on Road Street,

ELIZ. CITY, NORTH CAROLINA

Wood for Sale.

I have opened a WOOD YARD at the Poindexter Creek Bridge and keep a good supply of good wood on hand. Will sell by the load or cord and will saw and deliver when desired.

W. H. STARK.

FRED DAVS

DEALER IN

COAL.

Coal of all sizes and of best quality constantly on hand. All orders promptly are filled

☞All coal is screened before leaving the yard. Lowest prices guaranteed.

FRED. H. ZIEGLER,

Successor to John H. Ziegler,

Dealer in all Kinds of

Undertakers' Supplies,

From the Cheapest to the Best. All telegrams promptly attended to.

RATES AND COOLING BOARDS

when desired. The finest Hearse in the section. Rosewood, Walnut, Cloth covered and Metalic Caskets a specialty At the old stand on Ehringhaus Street.

☞All kinds of Cabinet Work done.

GROVES

TASTELESS CHILL TONIC

IS JUST AS GOOD FOR ADULTS. WARRANTED. PRICE 50 cts.

GALATIA, ILLS., Nov. 16, 1893.

Paris Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo.

Gentlemen:—We sold last year, 600 bottles of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC and have bought three gross already this year. In all our experience of 14 years, in the drug business, have never sold an article that gave such universal satisfaction as your Tonic. Yours truly,

ADKEY, GASS & Co.

The North Carolinian

Published Every Wednesday

For terms and advertising rates see first page.

Communications relative to and of interest in the Albemarle District solicited from all quarters.

Grand Crayon Portrait Offer.

Having made arrangements with the representative of THE GREAT WESTERN PORTRAIT CO., THE CAROLINIAN is now able to give a

LARGE CRAYON PORTRAIT AS A PREMIUM

to all New Subscribers as well as old renewals. Remember this beautiful life size Crayon Portrait, 16x20 and the CAROLINIAN for one year only $1.50 on delivery of Portrait. Leave your orders at the CAROLINIAN Office.

THE STATE CONVENTION CALL.

In another column will be found the proceedings of the Republican State Executive Committee held at Raleigh on Wednesday last. It will be seen that the date decided on for the State Convention is the 14th day of May. In addition to the electing of delegates for the State at large to the National Convention, the State ticket will be agreed on and nominated. This is proper, as it will avoid the expense of holding another Convention.

It will be seen further that a resolution was adopted advising that the Fusion of 1894 should be continued in the pending campaign. This is in accord with the policy advocated by the CAROLINIAN. To secure it, a committee was appointed empowered to confer with a like committee from the Populist party, and arrange for continued co-operation, and report to the State Convention.

Now let the Republicans of each county in this District see to it that representative men are sent as delegates to the Convention.

Out of the wilds of Kansas comes a new prophetic reading of the passage in Revelation which refers to a beast with a number which is "the number of a man." By a special course of reasoning the author of this prophecy shows 1896 to be the fateful year of the Democratic party in general and of Grover Cleveland in particular. Strange, what trouble some people some people will take to demonstrate a perfectly obvious proposition.

The United States is great geographically, great in diversity of climate, great in wealth, in undeveloped resources, in unparralled possessions, and in those elements which go to make up a great Nation. And, too, our poets, historians, writers, philosophers and professional men and women will compare favorably with any similar number of men and women in any age of the world's history.

The truth is, the most popular tax of all is that of duties laid upon foreign imports. It was the first tax ever levied by an American Congress, one that has been sustained on varying schedules ever since, and one which the people in the last elections have declared most emphatically shall be the principal source of revenue for the Fedesal Government.

The first Tariff bill passed passed by the first Congress of the United States, and advocated by Washington and all other patriots, was, as stated in its enacting clause, "a tariff for the encouragement and protection of manufactures," and this was the character of all the early tariff laws.

The wrongs of Ireland are small in comparison with those of Cuba. Spain has practiced almost every conceivable method of extortion and oppression, where she should have acted a friendly and a beneficial part, and the Cubans have the best of reasons for breaking away from her.

The Republican party stands for a Reciprocity that reciprocates, and which does not yield up to another country a single day's labor that belongs to the American workingman. It stands for international agreements which get as much as they give, upon terms of mutual advantage.

The next President must be a Democrat. The worse than war-taxes must come down.—New York World in '92.

But they didn't come down. The debt and taxes in time of peace, which are "worse than war taxes," have been jumping up.

☞It is said that the tightness of the chest caused by a cold may be removed by mixing ammonia and sweet oil, shaking it thoroughly and rubbing it on the chest, nose and forehead. By adding laudunum makes a splendid liniment.

The country is now running on borrowed money, and the sooner it is made self-supporting the better it will be for every American citizen.

There are indications that two or three "favorite sons" may be set aside if they don't withdraw at an early day.

The little editorial in the last issue of the Winston "Republican" referring to Maj. Grant was evidently prepared before the meeting of the State Committee was held. It is now in order for somebody else to "take their medicine with as few wry faces a sposible."

A cotemporary very correctly states that every time Senator J. C. Pritchard speaks or writes he strengthens himself with his constituents at home and convinces Republicans everywhere that he is the right man in the right place.

The comet which was to strike this planet is now rapidly receding, destroying sundry predictions of the end of all things.

The McKinley wave keeps rolling on, increasing in volume and strength all the while.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From our Regular Correspondent.)

Washington, March 20, 1896.

Secretary Hoke Smith got a severe raking over in the Senate this week for his failure to carry out the law for the opening of the Uncompaghgre Indian reservation, in Utah, to the public. Senator Cannon, of Utah, started the ball with his resolution directing Secretary Smith to carry out the law and his speech showing that the "hold up" was in the interest of a few wealthy men. Later his remarks were endorsed by Senators Wolcott, of Colorado, Vest, of Misouri and others. The last named Senator took occasion to give Mr. Cleveland a few whacks over the head for his recent remarks about the Western people and his acting as though the people of that section were in a condition of pupilage and did not know their own rights and their own interests. He said that if Mr. Cleveland "will interrupt hunting ducks in North Carolina and silver Democrats in Kentucky long enough to come out West we will show in a God-fearing, self-respecting, law-abiding people; we will show him curches in which their is real and unaffected piety."

The movement to further delay action upon the Cuban resolutions by sending them back to conference for the purpose of changing the wording was squelched when the Senate Committee of Foreign Relations instructed Chairman Sherman to push the report of the committee in favor of accepting the House resolutions as a substitute for these adopted by the Senate to a vote at the earliest possimoment.

The House had quite a lively debate on the resolution censuring Ambassador Bayard this week, but the House had made up its mind on that subject.

Among the political prophets is one Campbell, of Ohio, who was last Fall buried by Ohio's big Republican majority. He has crawled out of the debris and came to Washington to warn the Democratic party of the death that will follow the split which everybody is predicting to occur at the Chicago convention. Prophet Campbell, after imploring the Democratic party to send delegates to Chicago who will not bolt the ticket or platform of the Democratic National Convention, ends his tale of woe by saying: "But bolt or split now and we are undone for all time. The Democracy is destroyed forever and its site sown with salt. It will live only as a memory, like the Whigs, Federalists, and other combinations of a past that is far or near." It is evident that Mr. Campbell will be able to say "I told you so" to the Democrats a few months hence. Mr. Campbell does not even promise the Democrats a victory either this year or in the near future, as a reward for restraining their inclination to bolt, but says his advice must be followed as the "only hope of party continuation."

It will be some time before Representative McMillan, of Tennesee, again attempts to introduce an intoxicated Cleveland Democrat to a silver Democratic Senator. His last attempt was in a dining room of a Washington restaurant. He steered Mr. Don M. Dickinson, who was Postmaster General during a portion of the first Cleveland administration, and who was upon this occasion loaded up to his whiskers with something which made him forget his good manners, over to a table at which Senator Pugh, of Alabama, was sitting. Although Mr. Pugh has been in the Senate since 1880, he had never met Mr. Dickinson. "Senator Pugh," said Mr. McMillan, "permit me to introduce the Hon. Don M. Dickinson." Before Senator Pugh could reply Dickinson blurted out: "I don't know Senator Pugh, and don't want to know him. Pugh is an old old fool." Senator Pugh is 76 years old, but turning to Dickinson, he said, rising to his feet evidently prepared to fight: "I consider you a scoundrel and don't recognize you as a gentleman." That ended the episode, as friends interfered and Dickinson was put to bed.

The Meeting of the Republican State Committee.

The Republican State Executive Committee met at Raleigh on the 18th inst. Every member was present.

On motion J. C. L. Harris was elected Secretary of the Committee, Tyre Glenn resigned. The Committee issued the following call for a State Convention:

A State Convention of the Republicans of the State of North Carolina is ordered to be held in Raleigh on the 14th day of May, 1896, at Metropolitan Hall, at 12 o'clock M., for the purpose of electing four delegates and four alternates to the National Republican Convention, to be held at St. Louis on the 16th of June next, to nominate a State ticket, or such portion thereof as may be agreed on, and to transact such other business as the Convention may deem for the best interests of the party.

The notice for holding the several County Conventions and the Townshid Primaries must be upon full fifteen days' notice by the Chairmen and Secretaries of the County and Township Committees.

Each county is entitled to twice the number of delegates in the State Convention as it has members of the House of Representatives. The credentials of the delegates and alternates must be signed by the Chairmen and Secretaries of the several County Conventions.

According to the decision of the State Convention of 1882, and which has been approved by every Convention succeeding, if there should be a less number of delegates present from any county than the votes which said county is entitled to in the Convention, the number present will be authorized to cast the full vote of the county.

Immediately upon the holding of the various County Conventions the Chairmen and Secretaries will forward one set of credentials of the delegates and alternates to J. C. L. Harris, Secretary of this Committee, at Raleigh.

A. E. HOLTON, Chairman.
J. C. L. HARRIS, Secretary.

The Committee passed the following resolution:

Resolved, That in the opinion of this Committee the Fusion of 1894, by which the State was redeemed from Democratic oppression and misrule, should be continued in the pending campaign, to the end that there may be saved to the people the priceless achievements of 1894, such as the establishment of local self-government, the expulsion of minority rulers, a non-partisan judiciary, an honest election law, and a policy of liberality, fraternity and hospitality to immigrants and strangers coming into our State to increase its wealth and develop its resources.

By the fusion movement of 1894 the people of North Carolina were rescued from the disfranchisements and persecutions which have been inflicted upon them by the Democratic party. By the election law their votes are made secure and sacaed and by the county government act their rights of property and their rights as jurors will be restored to them.

The personal liberties of Republicans and Populists are paramount importance.

We advise the friends of fusion, both Republican and Populist to stand firm and to appeal to the good sense and sound judgment of the plain people who stood together and triumphed in 1894.

Resolved: By the State Executive Committee of the Republican party of North Carolina, that a committee consisting of the following named persons be appointed to consider the question of co-operation. A. E. Holton, H. L. Grant, J. H. Young, and that Senator Pritchard and Congressman Settle be added as members of said committee. That said committee be empowered to confer with a like committee from the Populist party, and consider such propositions as they may submit looking to co-peration, and report the result of their deliberations and make recommendations to the Republican State Convention.

The committee passed the following resolution:

Resolved: That this committee will meet in Raleigh to examine into the *prima facia* case of contesting delegates if their be occasion for the performance of this duty, on the 13th day of May next, and this committee adjourns to meet in Raleigh on that, day, and for the transaction of such other business as may come before the committee.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria

Senator Pritchard on Protection.

The Wilson bill had for its object the promotion of the interest of those who live in foreign lands. It preferred the coal of Nova Scotia to that of Kentucky, West Virginia and Tennessee. It preferred the cheap wool of Australia to the wool of the farmers living in Illinois, Iowa, Ohio, Texas and the other great wool growing States of this Union. It preferred the iron, corundum, koalin and marble of foreign countries to that of Vermont, Pennsylvania, North Carolina, Tennessee, Virginia and Alabama. It preferred the baled hay of Canada to that of Illinois, Tennessee, Kentucky, North Carolina, Ohio and the other great agricultural States. It interrupted the tide of immigration and capital which was pouring into the South from New England and other sections under the beneficent influences of the McKinley law, and drove back to their respective homes in a great measure that desirable class of citizens who engage in mining iron, koalin, talo and marble which so abundantly abounds in Tennessee, Arkansas, Virginia, Kentucky, Georgia and North Carolina. By its operation thousands of laboring men were thrown out of employment. It resulted in the withdrawal of millions of dollars from the only avenue of business by which it could be reached by the laboring men of our section.

Wake up your liver but be sure you take Simmons Liver Regulator to do it with—it will do it every time, and do it so well that you'll feel wonderfully refreshed and strengthened. It is Simmons Liver Regulator that does it. There is only one Simmons Liver Regulator, and you'll know it by the Red Z on the package. Take nothing else, and you'll be sure to get all the good health promised.

Labor Commissioner Lacey, at Raleigh, will send to any one who makes requests by mail a copy of his interesting report for 1895.

The annual report of the Secretary of State as insurance commissioner shows 36 life and 86 fire accident and marine companies doing business in the State.

MY PHANTOM.

There's a wrinkled old man called Care,
With thin and scraggly hair,
Who stands by my side all day
And follows me everywhere.

In the night I wake with a start.
I find him there at my bed;
I'm chilled by his stony gaze,
And my prayers are left unsaid.

When I stretch my hands toward the light
And the promise how seems near,
I shudder in sudden dread
As I see this ghost appear.

His cheeks are sunken with age;
His eyes are hollow and dim;
His breath I breathe in the air,
And I'm growing to look like him.

Go where I will or may,
This old man holds me fast,
And so it will ever be
As long as my life shall last.

—Leontine Stanfield in Opera.

WELSH SUPERSTITIONS.

They Associate Spectral Hounds With Mountain Storms.

One of the many curious superstitions of the Welsh peasantry is that of Cron Annwn, or "the spirit hounds of the air." When a storm rages over the mountains of Wales, the peasant will tell you that his ear can discern the howl of the Cron Annwn mingled with that of the wind, but sufficiently clear and distinct to admit of no mistake of what it is.

These "spirit hounds," he tells you, are the spectral dogs which hunt the souls of the dead, or which foretell, by their expectant cry, the approaching death of some person of evil deeds. Few of those who pretend that they can so readily distinguish the cry of the soul hunting pack are willing to admit that they have ever actually seen a Cron Annwn, "for," they say, "who would linger until such specters dawned upon the sight?" They are described by Faliesin, and also in the "Mabinogion," where it is said they are of a clear, shining white, with red ears. The above seems to be the universal description, and on that account the author of "Mythology of the Ancient Druids" gives it as his opinion that they are really "mystical transformations of Druidish priests, with their white robes and red tiaras."

In the popular superstitions of Ireland, where a similar belief in spectral hounds exists, they are said to be "jet black, with eyes and teeth of fire." Old Con McMichael, who murdered 20 persons in the early part of the fifteenth century, and who got rid of his victims by burning their bodies, is said to have been eaten by spectral dogs "that could be seen high in the air awfully rending and tearing his flesh." One of the peculiarities of the Cron Annwn, according to the Rev. Edmund James, is that the farther away they are the louder their cries appear, the sound decreasing as they draw near.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

Feeding Habits of the Weakfish.

"The weakfish," said an old fisherman, "appears to be very intelligent and quite well able to provide itself with food. It will come up on the flood and work its way into the shallow places in the flats, looking for things to eat, perhaps for soft shell crabs. It noses the ulva, or sea lettuce, about, looking under it for anything that may have been left there by the tide or that may have come there after the tide went out. I've seen weakfish swim under a boat that I was in that was anchored on the flats, on the way to places where the flood tide was making up. As the tide gets higher the weakfish works along the sedge bank. The sedge bank is where the meadow land adjacent to a bay meets the sand; there may be there a bank perhaps 18 inches or 2 feet high at low water, and as the water rises the weakfish swims along this bank, looking, and when the flood tide, still rising, rises above the edge of the bank and runs back in the sedge grass the weakfish goes with it, looking about in the grass for things good to eat just as he did under and about the ulva and in the shallow places on the flats."—New York Sun.

The base of Ayer's Hair Vigor is a rfined and delicate fluid, which does not soil or become rancid by exposure to the air, and which is as perfect a substitute for the oil supplied by nature in youth and health, as modern chemistry can produce.

"Success is the reward of merit" not of assumption. Popular appreciation is what tells in the long run. For fifty years, people have been using Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and to-day it is the blood-purifier most in favor with the public. Ayer's Sarsaparilla cures.

THE OLDEST AND THE BEST

Cough-cure, the most prompt and effective remedy for diseases of the throat and lungs, is Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. As an emergency medicine, for the cure of Croup, Sore Throat, Lung Fever and Whooping Cough,

AYER'S

Cherry Pectoral cannot be equaled. E. M. BRAWLEY, D. D., Dis. Sec. of the American Baptist Publishing Society, Petersburg, Va., endorses it, as a cure for violent colds, bronchitis, etc. Dr. Brawley also adds: To all ministers suffering from throat troubles, I recommend

AYER'S Cherry Pectoral

Awarded Medal at World's Fair.

AYER'S PILLS Cure Liver and Stomach Troubles.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

BULL'S Cough Syrup

The People's Friend. In use for fifty years. Cures Cough, Cold, Croup, Whooping-Cough, Grippe, Bronchitis, Asthma and Lung Affections. DR. BULL'S COUGH SYRUP is sold everywhere for only 25 cents. Refuse cheap substitutes.

Chew LANGE'S PLUGS. The Great Tobacco' Antidote. 554. Smokers or Snuff A.D. Moser & Co., Balto., Md.

P.P.P.

(LIPPMAN'S GREAT REMEDY)

This great remedy is indorsed by physicians, and prescribed by them all over the world.

Positively guaranteed to cure the most stubborn cases. The formula is published plainly on every bottle. As a tonic it is

Superior TO ALL Sarsaparillas

For Female Complaints and building up run-down systems it acts like magic. Try a bottle and be convinced.

READ THE TRUTH

EXTRACT FROM BOOK OF TESTIMONIALS.

"Was a rheumatic sufferer for 18 months. Derived no benefit from physicians, treatment at Mineral Wells, Tex., or Hot Springs, Ark. My doctor declared my condition hopeless, but as a last resort advised P. P. P., Lippman's Great Remedy. Through its use I am to-day a well man. W. F. TIMMINS,
of Timmins & Hines, Leading Grocers, Waxahachie, Tex.
Indorsed by B. W. FEAKENS, Druggist.

"P. P. P., Lippman's Great Remedy, cured me of difficult breathing and palpitation of the heart. Had not slept on either side for two years; now I sleep soundly in any position." A. M. RAMSAY, De Leon, Tex.
"Sworn to and subscribed before me," J. M. LAMBERT, Notary Public.

"Suffered for years with a disagreeable eruption on my face. Various remedies failed to remove it. Three bottles of P. P. P., Lippman's Great Remedy, completely cured me." CAPT. J. D. JOHNSON, Savannah, Ga.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS

LIPPMAN BRO'S. PROPRIETORS,
LIPPMAN'S BLOCK—SAVANNAH, GA.

CURES
DYSPEPSIA
CATARRH
MALARIA
KIDNEY—
TROUBLES
PIMPLES
BLOTCHES
& OLD SORES
BLOOD
POISONING
RHEUMATISM
SCROFULA &c.
A
WONDERFUL
REMEDY.
SEND FOR BOOKLET.

IS YOUR NERVE GONE?

Dr. Charcot's Kola Nervine Tablets Will Restore Nerves, Brain, Blood and Muscles to Health and Vigor.

The Kola nut has been used for centuries by Africans as a renewer of the tissue and preventer of fatigue.

Dr. Charcot, the eminent authority on nervous diseases, prepared a prescription from Kola which he vouched for as a tone specific in all nervous diseases and a sure invigorator for the blood.

Dr. Charcot's Kola Nervine Tablets are prepared upon the above mentioned prescription from the fresh nuts especially imported from Western Africa.

Kola is not a cure-all. It is a food for nerves, brain and muscles and a tonic for the blood.

Kola Nervine Tablets are absolutely certain and speedy in their effects. They cure all nervous diseases, prevent fatigue, renew failing vigor, give tone to the whole system.

Kola Nervine Tablets cures sleeplessness and the nervous troubles from which sleeplessness comes. They are specific in cases of nervous dyspepsia.

The druggists say the demand for the Tablets is astonishing. Kola is what the debilitated want.

Thousands of packages have been sold. Good effects were felt at once.

Hundreds of letters say: "One package of the Tablets, costing $1.00, has done for me what physicians, who cost me $100, failed to do."

We absolutely guarantee that no harmful or secondary effects are felt from the use of the Kola Tablets.

Can you, in justice to yourself, refuse to pay 3c a day for sure relief from neuralgia, bloodlessness, brain fatigue, sleeplessness, nervous dyspepsia, loss of vigor, melancholia and all the evils resulting from a nervous condition? Ask yourself the question with all seriousness.

Dr. A. C. Sherwin is one of the best physicians in New England. He writes:

"Hotel Pelham, Boston, Dec. 6th, 1895.—Gentlemen: I am prescribing Dr. Charcot's Kola Nervine Tablets for Nervousness, Insomnia, Dyspepsia and Neuralgia, with excellent results. I have no hesitation in stating that they are infallible in all forms of nervous diseases. Their invigorating properties are wonderful.
Yours truly, A. C. Sherwin, M. D.

Edward Everett Hale, D. D., the famous author of "The Man Without a Country," in an editorial in the Boston Commonwealth, and later in a personal letter, wrote thus:

"I am assured by a careful inquiry among the leading physicians and personal friends who have used them and in whom I have the utmost confidence, that Dr. Charcot's Kola Nervine Tablets are invaluable in insomnia and all nervous diseases. EDW. E. HALE.

Fifty Cents and $1.00 per box (one month's treatment). See Dr. Charcot's name on box. Kola booklet free. All druggists or sent direct, Eureka Chemical & Manufacturing Company, LaCrosse, Wis., and Boston, Mass.

Fishery for Sale

By a decree of Tyrrel Superior Court at Fall Term, 1895, will be sold before the Court House door in Columbia on Tuesday of Tyrrel Superior Court at Spring Term, A. D., 1896, that valuable Fishery at the mouth of Scuppernong River known as the Etheridge Fishery, with ten acres of land attached. Terms: one-fourth cash, balance on one, two and three years time with interest from date, and title retained until price paid.

ARTHUR SPRUILL,
J. W. ALBERTSON,
March 4, 1896. Comm's.

NOTICE!

SALE OF VALUABLE LAND.

On Saturday, March 28th, 1896, I shall sell at the Court House door the Raper Farm in Mount Hermon Township, bounded by Body Road, Simpson Ditch Road, the lands of J. C. Williams, of Major Bell's estate and others, containing 300 acres more or less. The land will be sold subject to widow's dower. Terms of sale $100 cash, balance in one, two, three, four and five years with annual interest upon deferred payments at the rate of six per cent. Title retained until purchase money is paid.

C. C. POOL, Com.
Feb. 24, 1896.

N. G. Grandy & Co.

BROKERS

Agents for Woldrige's High Class

FERTILIZERS.

We also keep COTTON SEED MEAL and HULLS, the finest feed in the world for producing milk and fattening poor cattle. We ask a trial.

REFERENCES: Guirkin & Co., bankers, Hughes & Pritchard, J. B. Flora & Co., Robinson & Co., Elizabeth City, N. C.

T. P. WHITE,

BOOT & SHOEMAKER-2nd door North of Poindexter Street Bridge.

☞Patching and mending Rubber, Boots a specialty.

S. L. STORER & CO.,

Wholesale Commission Dealers and Shippers of all kinds of

Fresh Fish,

Lobster, Turtle, &c.,

No. 19, Fulton Fish Market,

New York.

☞If your Stencil is not in good order let us know. We employ no agents and pay no no commissions.

DAVENPORT & MORRIS

WHOLFVALE GROCERS, COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND

DEALERS IN FISH,

Richmond Va,

Con-ignments of North Carolina Herring solicited and proceeds remitted in cash. On account of intimate acquaintance and frequent transactions with the Grocery trade of the West and South we are able to handle North Carolina Fish to the very best possible advantage, and we are known everywhere as the largest distributors in this market.

A. W. HAFF,

Successor to

Lanphear & Haff,

Wholesale Commission Dealer

In Fresh Fish, Lobsters,

Etc., Etc.

NO. 12 FULTON FISH MARKET

NEW YORK.

North Carolina Shad a Specialty.

☞Agents.

WILLIS H. ROGERS,

Wholesale Commission

FISH DEALER

106 FULTON MARKET,

New York

North Carolina Shad a Specialty.
Stencils furnished at a moment's notic

Reference:—Guirkin & Co., Bankers izabeth City, N C, and other Financia houses when desired

L. W. Wright. John Dais

L. W. Wright & Co.,

Wholesale Commission Dealers in all

—Kinds Of—

Fresh Fish,

Lobsters, Soft Crabs, Terrapin, Etc.,
105 Fulton Macket, N. Y.
SOUTHERN SHAD A SPECIALTY.
Consignments Solicited,
Prompt Returns.

Caleb Haley & Co.

Wholesale Commission Dealers and —Shippers of—

FRESH FISH,

14 FULTON FISH MARKET,

New York.

☞Write for Stencils and Stationary.

We Employ Young Men
to distribute our advertising circulars, which we print in a bicycle form. Acme work done until the bicycle arrives and proves satisfactory.
Young Ladies employed on the same terms.
If boys or girls apply they must be well recommended. Write for particulars.
ACME CYCLE COMPANY,
ELKHART, IND.

MEMPHIS, TENN, Oct. 3, 1895.

Acme Cycle Co., Elkhart, Ind.

DEAR SIRS:—Yours of the 1st inst to hand; also the Acme Bell for my daughter, and to say that she is delighted with it would be putting it too mild. I had the wheel sent out to—— Seminary, and at the close of school, it created mere excitement among the girls than the proverbial "Mary's Little Lamb." Again thanking you for the nice wheel, I am, yours truly, R. W. Harris, Vice-Pres. and Gen. Mgr. Delta Cotton Co.

COLUMBUS, O., Sept. 12, 1895.

Acme Cycle Co., Elkhart, Ind.

DEAR SIRS:—The Acme Light Roadster came to hand O. K. on the 10th inst., and I must frankly say it meets my fullest expectations, and I am very much pleased with it. I consider it a strictly high grade up-to-date wheel in every detail of design, material, construction and finish, and is fully equal, if not superior to many of the best $160.00 wheels sold on the market here. I believe the Acme frame is the strongest and the most rigid and the most graceful and lightest frame built. It is a beauty among beauties and cannot fail to satisfy. Yours truly, Charles T. Keetch, Fec. Sect. Ohio Association Union Ex-Prisoners of the War.

HEADQUARTERS FOR

SWEET PEAS.

Mixed Varieties { Per pound . . . . 40c. Half pound . . . 25c. Quarter pound . . 15c.

THE ONLY

DOUBLE SWEET PEA,

BRIDE OF NIAGARA.

(True to Name.)

Price—Packet 25c. Half packet 15c.

THE WONDERFUL

CRIMSON RAMBLER ROSE,

Only 15 Cents.

VICK'S FLORAL GUIDE, 1896,

The Pioneer Seed Catalogue.

Tried and True Novelties.—Fuchsias, Roses, Blackberry, The Pearl Gooseberry, Potatoes, Earliest Tomato Known, etc.

Lithographs of Double Sweet Pea, Roses, Fuchsias, Blackberries, Raspberries, New Leader Tomato, Vegetables. Filled with good things, old and new. Full list of Flowers, Vegetables, Small Fruits, etc., with description and prices. Mailed on receipt of 10 cts., which may be deducted from first order—really Free,—or free with an order for any of the above.

ROCHESTER, N. Y.

JAMES VICK'S SONS

Fun! Fun! Fun!

WHAT IT WILL COME TO—"My dear," said Mr. Jonesmith, appearing in his dressing gown at the door of his wife's room, "I find that you have borrowed all my four-in-hands, my cheviot shirts, my collar buttons and sleeve links. Would you mind, under the circumstances, lending me a muslin bodice and a silk sah for the afternoon?"—World.

Hathaway Bros. have a full line of sleeve links, scarf pins and shirt buttons for both ladies and gentlemen. Give them a call.

SOME SUNDAY SCHOOL VERSE.—
Concerning who's the smallest man,
St. Peter fills the notch,
Because the Bible says of him,
He slept upon his watch.

OF INTERSST TO THE CURIOUS.—First read the lines marked by figures, then return and read those marked by letters and see if you can tell author's object.

1 A watch is a necessity nowadays.

a A watch is a necessity nowadays, (g. Good wear and good timekeeping measure the value of a watch.

(b. Good wear and good timekeeping measure the value of a watch.

3 you can buy one with both qualifications at Hathaway Bros and cheap too.

(c. You can buy one with both qualifications at Hathaway Bros. and cheap too.

A GOOD ONE.—What is it? All holes, full of holes, and yet holds water. Answer: A sponge.

How do they make those nickle alarm clocks the Hathaway Bros. sell for 75 cents? By machinery.

Spectacles and eye glasses at Hathaway Bros.

North Carolina

Iron Works

—AND—

Supply House.

Machine Shop & Foundry,

MACHINERY OF ALL KINDS

Made and Repaired.

Steamboat & Mill Work a Specialty.

ELIZABETH CITY, N C.

We are prepared to do Saw-Mill and Steamboat work and General Machine and Foundry work of all descriptions. Our tools consists of 16 to 48 inch Lathes and can turn Shafts 16 feet long. Planers 42 by 42 inches by 16 feet long.

We carry in stock a full line of Bogy and Dry Kiln Wheels; also Standard Grate Bars, and are prepared to furnish Boiler Fronts and general Foundry work on short notice.

We are prepared to do our own pattern work and we guarantee our work and prices to compare with any other city.

We carry in our Supply Store a full line of Rubber and Leather Belting, Oils, Wastes, Babbit Metal, Files, Belt Dressing, Engine and Rubber Packings, Lubricators, Steam Guages, Brass Goods of all kinds, Belt Lacing, Pipe and Pipe Fittings and Boiler Tubes.

We also handle Wood and Iron Pulleys, Hangers, Boxes, Collars, Shafting, Couplings and Rubber Roofing Paint. And are agents for Wood Working Machinery, Engines and Boilers and Machery of all description and Gasoline Engines and Launches.

For further information, address,

J. H. PARTRIDGE,

P. O. Box 220. Manager.

DIRECTORY.

THE CITY.

Mayor—Charles C. Pool; Commissioners—Palemon John, Thomas A. Commander, Alson B. Seeley B. Frank Spence and Wm. W. Griggs. Clerk, Charles A. Banks; Treasurer, Geo. W. Cobb; Constable and Chief of Police, Wm. C. Brooks; Street Commissioner, Reuben W. Berry; Fire Commissioners, Allen Kramer and Fred. H. Zeigler.

Collector of Customs—Jas. C. Brooks.

Postmaster—E. F. Lamb.

Examining Surgeons of Pensions—Drs. J. E. Wood, W. W. Griggs and W. J. Lumsden. Meet on the 1st and 3d Wednesdays of each month at the corner of Road and Church Sts

CHURCHES.

Methodist: J. H. Hall, pastor; Baptist, C. S. Blackwell, pastor; Episcopal, L. L. Williams, rector; Presbyterian, F. H. Johnston, pastor.

COLORED—Methodist, H. B. Pettigrew, pastor; Corner Stone, Z. H. Berry, pastor; Olive Branch, J. A. Faulk, pastor; Sawyer's Chapel, J. C. Coleman pastor.

LODGES.

Masonic: Eureka Lodge No. 217, Dr. W. W. Griggs, W. M.; G. W. Brother, S. W.; E. F. Lamb, J. W.; D. B. Bradford, Sect'y; Moses Weisel Treas. Meets 1st and 3d Tuesday nights.

Odd Fellows: Achoree Lodge No. 14; F. L. Garrett, N. G.; C. W. Belanga, V. G.; J. D. Sykes, Rec. Sec'ry; W. F. Murden, Financial Sec'ry; W. W. Morrisett, Treasurer; E. F. Sawyer, N. P. G. Talula Encampment No. 8; E. F. Sawyer, C. P.; W. W. Morrisett, H. P.; Monroe Bright, S. W.; C. W. Belanga, J. W.; F. L. Garrett, Scribe; J. F. Sanders, Treasurer.

Royal Arcanum, Tiber Creek Council No. 1209; N. R. Parker, Regent; N. Underwood, Vice Regent; C. Guirkin, Orator; W. H. Zoeller, Secretary; F. M. Cook, Collector; W. J. Woodley, Treasurer. Meets every 1st and 3d Monday nights.

Knights of Honor: R. B. White, Dictator; J. H. Engle, Vice Dictator; T. J. Jordan, Reporter; T. B. Wilson, Finance Reporter; W. J. Trafton, Treasurer. Meets 1st and 4th Friday.

Pasquotank Tribe No. 8, I. O. R. M.; C. M. Burgess, Sachem; C. W. Belanga, Sr. Sagamore; J. P. Simpson, Jr. Sagamore; J. D. Hathaway, Prophet; C. C. Barnard, C. of R.; S. H. Murrell, K. of W. Meet every Wednesday night.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Commissioners: G. M. Scott, chairman; Fred Whitehurst, Frank Weeks, Joseph E. Harrell and Charles L. Weeks,

Sheriff, Thomas P. Wilcox; Superior Court Clerk, John P. Overman; Register of Deeds, M. B. Culpepper; Treasurer, John S. Morris; County Examiner, Gaston Pool.

SCHOOLS.

Public School, W. M. Hinton, Principal.
Atlantic Collegiate Institute, S. L. Sheep, Prest.
Select School, L. N. Tillett, Principal.
State Colored Normal, P. W. Moore, Principal.

Hotels

W Albemarle House

Mr. & Mrs. SAWYER Props,

Cor. Main and Road Streets, Elizabeth City, N. C. First-class Hotel. Elegant Rooms, Good Table, Polite Attention. Electric Bells and Lights.

TERMS:—$2 and $2.50 per day.

WOODARD HOUSE

EDENTON, N. C.

This well established Hotel offers first-lass accommodations to travelers.

FIRST-CLASS BAR ATTACHED

Sample Rooms for Traveling Salesmen and Conveyances furnished when desired. Free Hacks to all Trains and Steamers.

Terms Reasonable.

Wanted—An Idea Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their $1,800 prize offer and list of two hundred inventions wanted.

The North Carolinian.

Wednesday, March 25, 1896.

☞Drones and idlers to the rear.

☞Make way for all willing to work.

☞The farmers are busy preparing for corn and cotton.

☞The reports from the Fisheries are by no means discouraging.

☞The time for bird shooting came to a close on the 21st.

☞Notwithstanding the several cold snaps the fruit remains uninjured.

☞The CAROLINIAN continues to be the leading NEWS and FAMILY paper of the City and District.

☞Chowan Court at Edenton next week. The editor of the CAROLINIAN expects to be there on Monday.

☞Hon. James H. Eckles, Comptroller of the National Treasury, with a party of friends from Washington City, passed through here on Friday on their return from a hunting trip down the Sound.

☞Mr. W. L. Griffin, formerly of Edenton and a son of Mr. H. H. Griffin, of Perquimans, died at Thomasville, Ga., on the 15th inst, aged 25 years. His remains were brought to Perquimans for interment.

☞Russell for Governor, McKinley for President and Pritchard for Senator are going to win. Let every Republican of the First District "join the procession." Those who lag behind will surely "get left."

☞"A Voter" asks: "What was the financial plank of the National Republican platform in 1892?" It declared for the "maintenance of the parity of values of the two metals, so that the purchasing and debt-paying power of the dollar, whether of silver, gold or paper, shall be at all times equal"

☞No Judge who has presided over the Courts of this District has made a finer impression than has Judge Robinson who has just held the Courts of Currituck, Camden and Pasquotank. Learned in the law, impartial in his rulings, courteous in his bearing and genial in social intercourse, the members of the bar and the people unite in expressions of commendation.

☞The CAROLINIAN is asked, what qualifications are necessary to obtain a position as a Mail Agent on a Railroad. A person wanting to be examined for such a position must file his application with the "Civil Service Commission," at Washington, D. C., and he will be furnished with blanks and the necessary information on the subject.

☞The ministers of the Elizabeth City District of the Methodist Conference met here on Tuesday and Wednesday of last week. The object of the meeting was to encourage Christian work and devise means to promote the advancement of the Church. Lectures were delivered by Rev. Dr. Rawlings on the first night and by Rev. Dr. Young on the second night, both of Norfolk.

☞The second trial of J. S. Wilcox, which took place here last week, resulted in his acquital, the jury deciding that he was not guilty. It was a rightious verdict, no clearer case of self-defense ever went to a jury. Indeed, after reading the opinion handed down by the Supreme Court, the Solicitor would have been fully justified in entering a *nolle pros.* It would have saved Pasquotank county a heavy bill of cost

☞We acknowledge a call on Friday from Hon. John M. Bailey, ex-Member of Congress from Albany, N. Y., who, with E. N. Murphey esq., and their wives, was en route for the New River Inlet Club. On noticing the face of McKinley in the gallery on our wall, Mr. Bailey remarked: "That is the man I want to see nominated for President. I served in Congress with him, and I know that he is an able and an honest man." He appeared pleased to learn of the over whelmingly strong feeling for McKinley in this section and to be told that it extended throughout the State.

☞We made our semi-annual visit to Hertford on Monday. Court was in session, his Honor Judge Robinson presiding. Both dockets are light this term. A large crowd of people were in town. Most of the leading Republicans of the county were seen and interviewed, and, with a single exception, they all endorsed the position of the CAROLINIAN in favor of Russell, McKinley, Pritchard and Co-operation. Perquimans is all right.

——Accepting an invitation of Mr. C. A. Banks, we took passage behind his splendid team of match ponies and returned with him through the country. We enjoyed the ride hugely We noticed that the farmers are busy at work. We came by way of the plantation of Mr. Frank Nixon, and its location and condition impressed us as being decidedly, in every respect, the neatest and best farm we have seen in the State. Mr. Nixon not only has a splendid farm but he is certainly a model farmer.

☞The sun crossed the line on Saturday.

☞The ground hog made no mistake this year.

☞See Fowler & Co.'s Counterpanes and Blankets before buying.

☞The good farmer sees many a harrowing sight.

☞A farmer's face may be smooth, his fields are furrowed.

Stamped Work cheaper at Weisel's than anywhere else in the city.

☞It is not he that sows, but he that manures well that gets the big crop.

Doily and two skeins of wash silk at Weisel's for 5 cents.

☞When a young woman is reserved the first question naturally is who is she reserved for?

☞Old Pictures Copied and Enlarged at Zoeller's, Water street.

☞Mrs Mary A. Lamb, of Shiloh, departed this life on the 17th inst, aged 76 years.

☞Zoeller Life Size Crayon in Frame for $2.90 is his special offer during February and March.

☞When a young man calls on some girls and does not compliment them, they think he is mean, and if he does compliment them they say they don't believe a word he says.

☞"Best they ever had taken," is what they say of Zoeller's Pictures.

Don't wait until it rains before you think of those Umbrellas at Weisel's

☞When you want Photographing done go to Zoeller's, on Water street. He makes the best only.

☞The price of corn at Norfolk 36 cents; in this market 32. Cotton, at Norfolk, good middling 75-8; middling, 7 1-16; good ordinary, 6 5-5. In this market, in the seed 2 3-4 cents

A mean-just-what-we-say sale is on at Moses Weisel's. See his 19c all wool goods. Henrettas and Surges, 33⅓c kind.

☞Whenever you are in need of nice beef, pork or fresh meat of any kind go to W. T. Davis's Meat Market, on Water street, near Main, where you will always find a full supply.

☞We have arranged with one of the largest Publishing Houses in the country by which we can furnish a copy of Webster's Unabridged Dictionary, revised and enlarged, latest edition, and a copy of the CAROLINIAN for $3, postage prepai

☞Gentlemen have you seen our line of Overcoats? If not, call at once as they are going fast. McCabe & Grice.

Any young lady guaranteed to catch a beaux on her first appearance in public with one of Weisel's Stylish Hats on.

☞To "Civis" the CAROLINIAN will say that it has always favored and continues to favor true bimetalism, with such restrictions and under such provisions, to be determined by legislation, as will secure the maintence of the parity of values of the two metals, so that the purchasing and debt-paying power of the dollar, whether of silver, gold or paper, shall at all times be equal.

☞CARPETS—Ingrain Carpets from 10c per yard up, and 1 pc heavy Rag Carpet 16c; bargains in small pieces and Remnants of Brussels and Ingrain Carpets at Fowler & Co's

☞Is your wall faded or discolored? If it is, go to THE FAIR and get some of the Wall Paper they are selling so cheap.

——Why suffer with Coughs, Colds, and LaGrippe when LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE will cure you in one day. Does not produce the ringing in the head like Sulphate of Quinine. Put up in tablets convenient for taking. Guaranteed to cure or money refunded. Price 25 cents. For sale by W. W. Griggs & Son, and all other druggists, Elizabeth City.

LOCAL MENTION.

The sun rose this morning at 5:58 and will set to-night at 6:15.—The machinery for Scott & Jewell's new Marine Railway has arrived.—A burglar attempted to enter the dwelling of Mrs. E. F. Whitson, corner of Mathews and Elliott streets, on Wednesday night.—It pays to be sociable if you cannot be a Christian, —Miss Sallie Barrow, of Hertford, who has been visiting friends here, has returned home.—The narrow path is not quite narrow enough to suit certain narrow-minded people.—Miss Rena Dawson and Mrs. J. C. Benbury have formed a copartnership to carry on the Millinery business in all its departments.—The observant Bard writes:

Our lives have such a smiling child-like way
Of waiting for glad things to come some day.

—It is stated that Mr. C. W. Rea, of Edenton, will begin work in May on building an Opera House on the site he purchased on Poindexter street about a year ago.—S. A. Balanger, of Tyrrell, was brought before U. S. Commissioner M. B. Culpepper on the 17th, charged with fraudulently using the mail. Waving an examination, he gave bond for his appearance at the Federal court here in April.—He grieves more than is necessary who grieves before it is necessary.—Mr. George W. Bell, Treasurer of the American Legion of Honor, has paid Mrs. F. M. Cook $5,000, being the amount of the insurance policy of her late husband.—The following case of compulsory inaction is reported: "She doesn't go much in society, I believe." "No; her shoes are too tight."—Messrs D. S. Kramer and T. T. Whitcomb are both building new houses on North Martin street.—Player thinks:

When ever two evils may befall,
The less one all wise men choose;
It may be wrong to play at all,
But its worse to play and lose.

—An excellent discourse on "Missions" was delivered at the Methodist Church on Wednesday night by Rev. Dr. W. J. Young, paster of Epworth League Church, of Norfolk.—Little Dickie, on being asked, "What do you want for your birthday present?" replied: "Oh papa, get me a savings bank that ma can't get nickles out of with a hairpin."—The kite-flying season is on.—On Wednesday Mr. Hugh Steele and Miss M. Drucilla Stokeley, both of Norfolk, arrived on the noon train and were united in wedlock by Rev. L. L. Williams, Rector of the Episcopal Church. Mr. Steele is on the reportorial staff of the *Landmark.* He and his charming young bride gave us a delightful call, and, on departing, we wished them "long and happy lives."—The Critic says:

"A word is enough for the wise,"
Is a proverb that tells no lies;
Which is why to a jury, they say,
A lawyer must talk half a day.

—Mr. B. B. Tatem, one of the old and respected citizens of this place, died on Friday, aged about 60 years. He had been in failing health for some time. He was in the habit of frequently calling at our office. We will miss him. To his bereaved family we tender our sympathy.—The Church Choirs are arranging special music for Easter Sunday.—The Listener overheard the following: "Have you denied yourself many luxuries during Lent?" "Have I? Just wait until you see my Easter bonnet!" —The *Fisherman and Farmer* made its bow to the Elizabeth City public on Friday.—Hon. Geo. W. Cobb returned from Raleigh on Friday.—The following is a rejected Suitor's logic on Marriage:

"Is marriage declining?" Some say so who aim
Society's faults to disparage,
But it cannot be so, as I've reason to know,
Declining is surely not marriage.

—The Philosopher remarks that there is something peculiarly instructive in standing upon the street corners and watching the men rushing around trying to make money, and the women rushing around trying to spend it.—The popular girl does not hide her light under a bushel and refuse to contribute her share towards the general entertainment.—Eggs have been selling at 8 cents per dozen in this market.—There was a large attendance at Court most of the week. —The Poet says:

If the heart of a man is depressed with cares,
The mists disappears when a woman appears.

But it often depends on what woman it is.—Old Graybeard and Mrs. De Style were looking at a little canary, "It's a pity to keep such a pretty bird in a cage," said he. "Isn't a shame?" said she. "How perfectly exquisitely lovely it would look on a hat!"—Some people load their guns for bear and waste their ammunition on chipmunks.—The Draw Bridge over Charles Creek at the foot of Sheppard street is almost completed. It is a first-class job. Commissioner Commander superintended it and E S. Willey did the work.—There are a good many people who can resist everything excepting temptation.—About 1,200 boxes of shad left here on Monday for the Northern markets.—Mr. C. W. Grice, who has been off on a yachting cruise with Commodore Weaver, has returned. He gives a glowing account of the trip. —The sale of the Jones' Mill has been confirmed, the price being $15,250. It will start under the new management on April. Mr. Henry A. Dodge will be manager.—Foreman Craig, after a week's absence on a visit to his home, returned on Monday.—But for the Fire Company, the fire on Sunday morning, noticed in the Colored Column, would have resulted in a very serious conflagration, several roofs having caught ablaze from flying sparks.—Kramer Bro's & Co., are now busy making Truck Boxes and Crates. See ad.—Mayor Pool is much better.—Don't fail to read the new advertisement of "The Fair."—Another fall of snow yesterday.—On the 20th inst, Dr. F. E. White and Mamie Richardson, both of Norfolk, were married here.

PASQUOTANK COURT.

Our Superior Court occupied the whole of last week, the most of the time being taken up with the State docket. A number of cases, parties indicted at the last Court, were found "not guilty: In one of them, that of Smith of Salem, a special venire of 50 was ordered.

The Wilcox case took Tuesday and Wednesday. Messrs Skinner and Griffin were employed to assist the Solicitor, and Messrs Sawyer, Aydlett and Bond appeared for the the defense. Very able speeches were made on both sides. The jury rendered a verdict of acquital.

Mathias Munden and Corela Smith, both col. were found guilty of f. and a. Munden was senteneed 8 months in jail, and Smith 2 months. Learning that the latter is the mother of small children, sentence was suspended in her case.

John Hunt plead guilty of larceny, and J. M. Britton to house-breaking; The former, being a small boy, was sentenced 4 months in jail; in the the latter an inquisition of lunacy was held, and being adjudged a lunatic, it was ordered that he be taken to the Asylum at Goldsboro.

Mack Skinner was found guilty of an affray. Judgment suspended on payment of cost.

Hardy Gaskins was found guilty of forgery. Sentenced one year to the Penetentiary.

There were several convictions for affrays, etc., in which judgment was suspended on payment of cost, and in other cases the Grand Jurp reported "Not true bills,'

There were only two cases on the Civil docket attempted to be tried; in one of them, Hinton vs Greenleaf, a jury was empaneled but there was a mistrial, and the other, Cartwright vs Cartwright, the jury failed to agree and was discharged A number of cases were continued and several judgments entered by consent of counsel.

FIRST-CLASS BRICK: The Thompson Brick Works manufacture the best Brick for building and all other purposes made in this section. They are well burned and "all right" in every respect. All orders promptly filled. Address F. G. Thompson, manager, Elizabeth City, N. C.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Peanut Planters!

Only Successful Ones Made

Nearly 2000 in Use.

PRICES REDUCED

To Suit the Times.

Where inconvenient to order through Local Agent, send direct to Patentee and Manufacturer,

J. R. AYERS,
Petersburg, Va.

Write for Circulars &c.

Protect Your Wife

and Children from poverty in case of your death by Insuring your Life in the STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, of Worcester Mass., one of the Oldest, Strongest and Most Reliable Nonforfeitable Dividend Paying Insurance Companies in the United States.

T. T. WHITCOMB,
Local Agent.

Also agent for the N. E. Mutual Accident Assurance Co., Boston, Mass. Elizabeth City, N. C.

EYE HAS NOT SEEN | EAR HAS NOT HEARD,

neither has it entered into the hearts of men (or women either) what we have in store for you.

Have you Seen

our elegant assortment of Dry Goods, Notions, Milinary, Clothing, Shoes, Hats, &c.? Nothing like it has ever been shown here beofre.

Have you Heard

that we are offering this stock at prices way down, the very mention of which will make you think that we must have made a mistake.

It's a Fact.

We've got the goods. You have the money. We want to exchange with you, and if you will call at our store we will offer you such inducements that you will be glad to accept our terms.

Come & Inspect

our stock, and buy what you are in need of, and we will both be happy.

McGabe & Grice,

Leading Merchants and Hustlers,

WATER STREET,

Elizabeth City, N. C

WE ADMIT OF

No Superior

AND ACKNOWLEDGE

No Equals

IN OUR MAGNIFICENT DISPLAY Of

New Styles.

Our Store is now filled to the utmost with a choice line of carefully selected Bargains in Men and Boys

Clothing.

All of the prevailing styles in assortments complete, specially purchased to meet the known wants of this community. Our prices are of uniformly low grade. Our prices do our talking Our prices cannot be copied by would-be competitors. Our prices make our business which talks for itself.

If you Want

SRPERIOR GOODS MARVELOUSLY CHEAP VISIT

Moses Weisel.

PATENTS

Caveats, and Trade-Marks obtained and all Patent business conducted for MODERATE FEES. OUR OFFICE IS OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE and we can secure patent in less time than those remote from Washington.

Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise, if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured.

A PAMPHLET, "How to Obtain Patents," with cost of same in the U. S. and foreign countries sent free. Address,

C. A. SNOW & CO.

OPP. PATENT OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C.

OUR COLORED PEOPLE

[Items of interest concerning the Colored people will regularly appear in this column.]

BY SPECIAL REPORTER.

Mrs. Fannie White, of Edenton, is visiting in our midst.

The F. and E. B. Union meeting meets at South Mills Friday.

An interesting parlor entertainment was held at the Parsonage on last Friday evening.

M. A. Butt, of Beaufort, has been spending a few days in town.

M. H. Freeman, en route to Norfolk, spent Sunday in the city.

Mrs. Mary E. Reed, from New York, is at home on a visit to her mother.

W. H. Brothers is suffering from a severe attack of pneumonia at his home in the Fifth Ward.

Rev. H. E. Earle delivered a very impressive sermon to the Christian Aid Society at Corner Stone Church on Sunday.

Miss S. E. Williams closed a very successful school term near Woodville on Friday and has returned to this city.

The Y. M. C. A. benefit will be held at the Samaritan Hall, Ehringhaus street, to-night.

A watch contest, watch to be awarded to the most popular young lady, is announced for an early date.

Dempsey Griffin had the misfortune on Saturday night to lose his pocketbook containing $16.

Solomon Mullen was arrested and taken to Hertford on Saturday on an alleged charge of bigamy. In court on Monday the charge was not sustained and he was discharged.

Fire, presumably from a defeetive chimney, destroyed the residence and and a large part of the furniture therein of J. R Brown, on Church street early on sunday morning. There was a partial insurance on the building.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Great Bargains in CLOTHING.

I want to announce to the readers of the "Carolinian" that I am the

LEADER OF LOW PRICES

in Clothing in Elizabeth City. I am prepared to offer great bargains to any and all who need a pair of Pants, a Vest, a Coat or anything in the Clothing line. Call and examine goods.

F. PRUSCHANSKIN,

Water St., Elizabeth City, N. C

Kramer Bros. & Co.,

(INCORPORATED)

Manufacturers of and Dealers in

KILN & AIR DRIED

LUMBER

—AND—

Building Material

Truck Boxes

—AND—

CRATES

Now is the time to place your order for the latter for the Spring Shipping.

In Poor Health

means so much more than you imagine—serious and fatal diseases result from trifling ailments neglected. Don't play with Nature's greatest gift—health.

Brown's Iron Bitters

If you are feeling out of sorts, weak and generally exhausted, nervous, have no appetite and can't work, begin at once taking the most reliable strengthening medicine, which is Brown's Iron Bitters. A few bottles cure—benefit comes from the very first dose—*it won't stain your teeth,* and it's pleasant to take.

It Cures

Dyspepsia, Kidney and Liver
Neuralgia, Troubles,
Constipation, Bad Blood
Malaria, Nervous ailments
Women's complaints.

Get only the genuine—it has crossed red lines on the wrapper. All others are substitutes. On receipt of two 2c. stamps we will send set of Ten Beautiful World's Fair Views and book—free.

BROWN CHEMICAL CO. BALTIMORE, MD.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

THIRTY years' observation of Castoria with the patronage of millions of persons, permit us to speak of it without guessing. It is unquestionably the best remedy for Infants and Children the world has ever known. It is harmless. Children like it. It gives them health. It will save their lives. In it Mothers have something which is absolutely safe and practically perfect as a child's medicine.

Castoria destroys Worms.
Castoria allays Feverishness.
Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd.
Castoria cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic.
Castoria relieves Teething Troubles.
Castoria cures Constipation and Flatulency.

Castoria neutralizes the effects of carbonic acid gas or poisonous air.
Castoria does not contain morphine, opium, or other narcotic property.
Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep.
Castoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It is not sold in bulk.
Don't allow any one to sell you anything else on the plea or promise that it is "just as good" and "will answer every purpose."
See that you get C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

THIS IS TO CERTIFY THAT

W. J. Woodley

Has been and is now one of Elizabeth City's most enterprising and reliable Grocery Merchants. He has been doing business at Nos. 138 and 140 Water street for several years, during which time he has gained the confidence of the people, who have shown their appreciation of Woodley's

Fair Dealing

by giving him a large portion of their patronage, which enables him to buy his goods in large lots many direct from the manufacturer in car loads. He started in business with the idea that the only sure way not to fail was to owe no man for goods, but to pay cash for everything he bought. It also taught him that paying cash for goods enabled him to buy cheaper. Some people wonder why Woodley's prices are so low, when nearly everything else is advancing. There is only one reason, and that is he watches the markets, buys in large lots on low markets, pays spot cash, gets close prices and is satisfied with small profits. A few weeks ago flour took a jump, but Woodley was on watch and bought 5 car loads just before the advance. The result is that he is now selling flour for less than Miller's prices in the West. Woodley struck it on Potatoes the other day; he bought 200 barrels Houlton Early Rose Seed; they have also advanced, but he is still selling them low.

SALOMONSKY'S COST MARK.

RICHALE OUT

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0

DIVERS.

There are various kinds of Divers, but, generally speaking, the tendency of them all is downwards. That is the case with our prices. They are down, way down, while we have goods to suit thick pocketbooks and thin pocketbooks, quality considered.

Our Prices are At the Bottom.

Our methods of buying and our methods on selling, both enable us to quote you prices which cannot be duplicated. New Spring goods coming in; Dress Goods in all the latest styles; Clothing in great variety; Hats and Caps of the best make and style; you can save money by examining our stock. We buy for cash and sell for cash; no long time prices.

THE FAIR,

WATER ST. ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

FOWLER & CO

Wholesale and Retail.

DRY GOODS

AND SHOES

Bottom Prices to All.

WE HAVE NO AGENTS.

No. 1854—Surrey Harness, Price $14.50. As good as sells for $20.

No. 723—Price, with lamps, sunshade, apron and fenders, $60.00. As good as sells for $90.

but have sold direct to the consumer for 23 years, at wholesale prices, saving them the dealers' profits. Ship anywhere for examination before sale. Everything warranted. 100 styles of Carriages, 40 styles of Harness, 41 styles Riding Saddles. Top Buggies as low as $35. Phaetons as low as $55. Spring Wagons $31 to $65. Send for large catalogue.

ELKHART CARRIAGE & HARNESS MFG. CO., W. B. Pratt, Sec'y, ELKHART, IND.

Spring

Is the season for purifying, cleansing and renewing. The accumulations of waste everywhere are being removed. Winter's icy grasp is broken and on all sides are indications of nature's returning life, renewed force and awakening power.

Spring

Is the time for purifying the blood, cleansing the system and renewing the physical powers. Owing to close confinement, diminished perspiration and other causes in the winter, impurities have not passed out of the system as they should, but have accumulated in the blood

Spring

Is, therefore, the best time to take Hood's Sarsaparilla, because the system is now most in need of medicine. That Hood's Sarsaparilla is the best blood purifier and Spring medicine is proved by its wonderful cures. A course of Hood's Sarsaparilla now may prevent great suffering later on.

Hood's

Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1 Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills cure Liver Ills; easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

A Lost Necklace.

One day the home of Geoffrey St. Hilaire, the famous French naturalist, became a perfect pandemonium. Every room was turned upside down, except the study of the master of the house. Mme. St. Hilaire had lost a very valuable diamond necklace, but she instructed the servants not to mention the loss to her husband, lest the knowledge of it would disturb him in his work. Moreover, the missing bauble could not be there, inasmuch as she rarely entered that sanctum. The search proved in vain, but the great savant was still left in ignorance.

A few days later, at Mme. St. Hilaire's weekly "at home," one of her female friends sympathetically inquired after the ornament in the hearing of her host. In the most airy, but withal most unaffected way, the great naturalist remarked that his favorate baboon had been playing for nearly a week with a "similar thing to that described," which "similar thing" turned out to be the priceless ornament. Mme. St. Hilaire indignantly protested at M. St. Hilaire's neglect in not having taken the necklace from the animal. "I thought that it belonged to him," was the calm reply, "he seemed to take such pride in it." —San Francisco Argonaut.

Hit Him All Right.

A young woman from out of town went to a tea among the literary set last week. She was introduced to a whole roomful of people, and afterward she went about trying to call everybody by his right and proper name—she rather prides herself on that sort of thing you know. She remembered an amazing number of names, but when she came to one distinguished looking man she paused in despair. "I know everybody else's name," she said, "but when I try to remember yours I am completely at sea." "Then you're not far wrong," said the distinguished looking man. "My name is Atwater."—Washington Post.

An Anxious Night.

A physician of Pocahontas County, Virginia, tells a story of a patient who one night recently swallowed two thirty-two calibre cartridges in mistake for two five grain capsules of medicine. No serious harm resulted, though the patient had an anxious time for some hours.

During our great Civil War 61,362 men on the Union side were killed out right.

AN INVITATION.

It Gives Us Pleasure to Publish the following Announcement.

All women suffering from any form of illness peculiar to their sex are requested to communicate promptly with Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. All letters are received, opened, read and answered only by women. A woman can freely talk of her private illness to a woman; thus has been established the eternal confidence between Mrs. Pinkham and the women of America. This confidence has induced more than 100,000 women to write Mrs. Pinkham for advice during the last few months.

Think what a volume of experience she has to draw from! No physician living ever treated so many cases of female ills, and from this vast experience surely it is more than possible she has gained the very knowledge that will help your case.

She is glad to have you write or call upon her. You will find her a woman full of sympathy, with a great desire to assist those who are sick. If her medicine is not what you need, she will frankly tell you so, and there are nine chances out of ten that she will tell you exactly what to do for relief. She asks nothing in return except your good will, and her advice has relieved thousands.

Surely, any ailing woman, rich or poor, is very foolish if she does not take advantage of this generous offer of assistance.

Never in the history of medicine has the demand for one particular remedy for female diseases equalled that attained by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and never in the history of Mrs. Pinkham's wonderful Compound has the demand for it been so great as it is to-day.

N Y N U—12

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION

HARD BATTLE IN CUBA.

The Patriots After Two Hours' Desperate Fighting Defeat the Spaniards.

IMPORTANT EXPEDITION LANDS.

In the Darkness General Collazo's Filibusters Slipped Ashore and Carried With Them 750,000 Cartridges, 1200 Rifles, 2100 Machetes and 400 Revolvers.

HAVANA, March 19.—News has been received here of an important battle near Candelaria, in Pinar del Rio, the extreme western province. The Government troops were unable to drive the insurgents back, and retired from their position with considerable loss. The Spanish forces were commanded by General Linares and Colone's Inclan and Hernandez, and the patriots by Maceo and Banderas.

ARMS OF THE CUBAN REPUBLIC.

The fight was begun on a line parallel with the roadway. The Spanish forces deployed, the Tarifa battalion, a section of the Victoria Cavalry, and a detachment of artillery forming the vanguard and opening fire upon the enemy. The insurgents returned this fire and made an attack upon the rear guard of the Spaniards. Having entirely surrounded the Government troops, the insurgents advanced upon the artillerymen with machetes. The latter used muskets and grenades with such effect as to check for a time the enemy's advance, but, with re-enforcements, a second charge was made by the insurgents, and a hand-to-hand engagement ensued. The battle terminated with a bayonet charge. After a hot fight, lasting two hours, the Spaniards were defeated, losing many killed and wounded. It was the intention of the enemy to prevent Colonel Inclan from proceeding to Candelaria.

The official report of the fight says the insurgents suffered a tremendous loss. The Spaniards lost two Captains and five privates killed, and one Lieutenant, four Sergeants, and fifty-four soldiers wounded. The insurgents have burned all but fifteen houses in San Antonio de las Vegas, in the province of Havana.

PATRIOTS LAND IN CUBA.

General Collazo and Men Evade the Spanish War Ships.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., March 19.—A special from Key West, Fla., says that the steamer Three Friends, of Jacksonville, arrived there, having succeeded in landing in Cuba General Enrique Collazo, Major Charles Hernandez and Duke Estrada, besides fifty-four men taken off the schooner Ardell from Tampa and the entire cargo of arms and ammunition of the schooner Mallory from Cedar Key. It was by long odds the most important expedition that has set out from this country.

The cargo of arms landed by the Three Friends and Mallory consisted of 750,000 rounds of cartridges, 1200 rifles, 2100 machets, 400 revolvers, besides stores, reloading tools, etc.

It took four and a half hours to complete the job. There were hundreds of men on shore to assist and they did it silently, appreciating the peril of the undertaking.

The Cubans on shore recognized General Collazo immediately, and no words can describe their joy upon seeing him. He is a veteran of the Cuban war, and is one whom Spain fears.

When it was whispered that Collazo was really among them, they seemed not to believe their ears, but came forward and looked, and seeing that there was really no mistake threw up their arms and many of them wept.

CUBAN ARMY'S STRENGTH.

Insurgent Soldiers Now Number Nearly Forty-three Thousand.

HAVANA, March 19.—The present strength of the Cuban insurgent army is close to 43,000 men. Cubans themselves estimate the number of men in the field as high as 60,000, but even if unarmed camp followers, men in charge of provision trains, hospitals and camps were counted it is doubtful if that number could be found actually in service. There are thousands of Cubans who would willingly cast their lot with the patriot army, but lack of arms and ammunition prevents.

The insurgent forces operate, as a rule, in zones or districts, and are organized on military lines. The columns of Gomez, Maceo, Lacret and Banderas are, however, limited to no one province, but pass from one to another, under direct orders of Gomez. The Commander-in-Chief is now in Matanzas and the others have reinvaded Havana province.

POWDER MILLS BLOWN UP.

Five Men Killed and Fifty Injured, Seventeen Fatally, at Rifton, N. Y.

The Laflin & Rand Powder Mills at Rifton, N. Y., were blown up at 11 o'clock a. m. Five men were killed and fifty injured. The shock was felt all over Ulster County. The damage is roughly estimated at $25,000.

Seventeen persons were probably fatally injured. The dead are two brothers, named Decker, and men named Peterson, Smalley and Jones.

There were two explosions, 15,000 pounds of powder being consumed in each. The first explosion was in the upper glazer. The shock set off the powder stored in the drying house, wrecking the corning mill, engine house, and what was called the tower glazer.

About 600 kegs of powder were stored in the glazer, and each keg weighed twenty-five pounds. In a magazine there was an equal quantity. The glazer was wiped out as completely as if it had never been, and only a few timbers of the magazine were left in place.

Fatal Boiler Explosion.

A boiler explosion at McLarkin's Mill near Caledonia, Ala., resulted in the death of Simon Watts, a farmer, Alexander Grace, a laborer at the mill, and Allan Hollinger, the fireman. E. J. Defee, another farmer, was seriously injured.

Bimetallists Determined.

At a large meeting of the Bimetallic League in London it was determined to continue active communications with the bimetallists of France, Germany, Austria, and Belgium, in order to promote a great campaign in all the industrial centres.

Prominent People.

The height of Queen Victoria is four feet ten inches.

Prince Bismarck continues to enjoy excellent health.

"Princess" Kaiulani of Hawaii, who is now in Northern Italy, is to be married to an Italian nobleman.

The smallest Prime Minister on record is M. Stoiloff, of Bulgaria. He is only four feet six inches in height.

Paderewski, the pianist, is accustomed to practice four to six hours a day, in addition to his public performances.

The Shah of Persia owns the richest collection of jewels and ornaments in the world, it being valued at $60,000,000.

Ex-Senator Reagan, of Texas, is the only surviving member of the Confederate Cabinet. He is enfeebled with age and has permanently retired from public life.

Americans pronounce the name of the new Spanish commander in Cuba, General Weyler, as if it were spelled "Wyler," but Minister De Lome accents it as if it were spelled "Wayler."

The youthful Duke of York is descended from nine distinct strains of blood, viz., Norman, Flemish, Scotch, Saxon, Spanish, French, English, German and Danish, yet he is an Englishman.

When the Prince of Wales alludes to his mother he always uses the words, "My mother, the Queen." The Duke of York invariably refers to as "My son, the Duke of York." On the Continent such simplicity is inbooed.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED

Washington Items.

In the Senate the resolutions demanding that Ambassador Bayard be censured for his speeches abroad were debated at length.

Mr. Vest, of Missouri, in the Senate attacked the President for his Home Mission speech in New York.

Mr. Morgan finished his speech before the Senate in favor of recognizing the Cuban insurgents as belligerents.

A recent speed run of the cruiser Olympia between two Chinese ports was made the subject of an official report which has just reached the Navy Department. Notwithstanding very rough weather, the Olympia averaged twenty knots an hour, and would have made twenty-three knots, her officers say, in smoother water, thus becoming the second fastest cruiser in the world.

Senator Morgan attacked the Spanish Minister's statements about the condition of affairs in Cuba.

Senator Lodge addressed the Senate in favor of an educational qualification for the restriction of immigration.

Secretary Carlisle declared that the Treasury Department treats gold and silver exactly alike.

President Cleveland nominated Captain John J. Brice as United States Fish Commissioner.

Secretary of War Lamont has approved the plans of the New York and New Jersey bridge.

Extracts from the diary of Hamilton Fish, Secretary of State under Grant, show that the President prepared in 1869 a proclamation recognizing Cuban belligerency and instructed Fish to issue it. The Secretary refused to do so and was afterward thanked by Grant for his disobedience.

The Treasury lost $131,300 in gold coin and $30,800 in bars, which leaves the true amount of the reserve $126,054,835.

The bill to create a National Art Commission was passed.

President Cleveland returned to Washington from his duck-hunting trip to Wide Water, Va.

The police of New York City arrested one O. M. Norton and an alleged accomplice with gilded brass bricks and incriminating correspondence in their possession. An Englishman, representing the executors of a large estate, was to have paid Norton $15,000 for some of the bricks.

Domestic.

Two persons were killed and seven injured in a collision near Steelton, Penn., on the Pennsylvania Railroad.

The captain and the mates of the Cuban filibuster ship Horsa were sentenced to prison and fined in the Federal Court in Philadelphia.

In a room in the Hotel Menlo, New York City, Robert E. Herman shot and killed Lizzie Grater and then killed himself in the same manner. Their bodies were found side by side.

The Hanover National Bank, of Boston, has brought suit in which it is shown that Abraham White secured $1,300,000 of the recent issue of bonds for an investment of forty-four cents in postage stamps, and when he disposed of his option he speculated on Russell Sage's "tip" and lost all.

An examination of the photographs of stellar spectra at the Harvard College Observatory, Cambridge, Mass., has led to the discovery of fourteen new variable stars of long period, in addition to those announced previously.

Governor Bradley, of Kentucky, ordered troops from Louisville, Lexington and Frankfort to preserve the peace in Frankfort during the Senatorial contest.

Ex-Postmaster-General John Wanamaker was fined $1000 in Philadelphia for importing alien contract labor.

Sandor Nemity, a butcher in Yonkers, N. Y., shot and killed his stepdaughter, Mary Bukofsky, and then committed suicide.

The steamship Bermuda put to sea from New York, supposedly for Cuba, with arms for the insurgents.

Edward G. Ward, a railroad man, shot and killed his wife in Denver, Col., and committed suicide by blowing out his brains. Jealousy was the cause.

The General Electric Company and the Westinghouse Electric Company, New York City, agreed to stop fighting over patents.

The building occupied by the Pope Manufacturing Company, bicycle manufacturers, in Boston, Mass., was badly damaged by fire. Loss about $125,000, fully covered by insurance. About 1700 bicycles were destroyed.

The Appellate Division of the Supreme Court affirmed the conviction of ex-Police Inspector McLaughlin, of New York City. He was sentenced to two years and six months in Sing Sing Prison.

Foreign Notes.

A rebellion has broken out in Bolivia.

Spain's Ambassador in Rome denies that there is an understanding between Spain and any European Power on the Cuban question.

The Dongola expedition is regarded in Italy as a severe defeat for French diplomacy.

It is semi-officially declared in Paris that M. Berthelot's statement simply referred to the use of the Egyptian fund for the expedition to Dongola and has hence received undue gravity.

From Spain comes an intimation that Captain-General Weyler of Cuba may resign in disgust.

Yellow fever is again spreading throughout Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, at an alarming rate. One hundred new cases were reported in one day.

The Salisbury Government disavows all sympathy with bimetallism.

Lady Henry Somerset's libel suit against W. W. Astor for $25,000 damages was settled in London by Mr. Astor apologizing and paying the costs.

Two of the missionaries who were killed by the gunpowder explosion on the steamship Matadi, at Boma, in the Congo Free State, Africa, were Mr. and Mrs. Stanley S. Harvey, of the American Advent Missionary Society of Boston.

The Czar of Russia has conferred the highest military decoration of the Empire on King Menelek of Abyssinia.

The French Chamber of Deputies has approved the Government scheme for an international exhibition in 1900.

It is believed that the Venezuelan Government has received advice from Washington that the Yuruan incident must be separated from the boundary dispute.

Herbert Booth, brother of Ballington and Commander of the Salvation Army in Canada, has been called to England for service in Europe.

The United States Embassy at Berlin has issued an invitation to German universities to take part in the 150th anniversary celebrations of Princeton College. The Universities of Erlangen, Freiburg and Rostock have replied that it would be impossible for them to send delegates so great a distance. Goettingen reserves its decision.

England and Ireland were swept by fierce gales.

It is reported from Havana that one Spanish column fired into another column, mistaking it for a band of insurgents; thirty soldiers are reported to have been killed and wounded.

The resolution passed by the English Commons in favor of opening National museums and art galleries on Sunday has resulted in the authorities of the British Museum, of the National Gallery and of the Royal Academy making arrangements to open their places to the public on Sundays.

Princess Maud (Harry) of Wales will be married in July to her first cousin, Prince Car. of Denmark.

Advices from the Transvaal announce the intention to exhume the bodies of the followers of Dr. Jameson and to reinter them in a cemetery.

United States Minister Terrell has started from Constantinople, Turkey, for New York on the Fuerst Bismarck.

German cavalry officers have been engaged to organize a new Chinese cavalry service modeled after the German system.

A despatch from Bombay says that Samuel L. Clemens (Mark Twain), who is lying ill at Jeypore, in the Bombay Presidency, will recover, his condition not being as serious as was at first reported.

There has been an insurrection among the Indians in the province of Pallasca. There have been losses in killed and wounded on both sides.

The floods continue in Germany and many villages have been submerged and the inhabitants have fled. The navigation of the Rhine and work at most of its quays has ceased.

It is generally believed in Ministerial circles in London that Lord Salisbury has assented to the formation of an Anglo-American Commission to settle the Venezuelan dispute.

The French Government will introduce a bill in the Chamber of Deputies to establish free trade between Madagascar and France, while in France the Meline tariff is enforced against the rest of the world.

Sir Augustus W. L. Hemming, the new Governor of British Guiana, sailed from London directly for South America on the steamer Atrato, instead of for New York as was reported.

NEW YORK'S EXCISE BILL.

It Passes the Assembly Amid Scenes of Great Disorder and Excitement.

SENT TO GOVERNOR MORTON.

Members Locked In, All Amendments Voted Down and the Bill Finally Passed by a Vote of 84 to 59---Seventeen Republicans Voted Against It---A Summary of the Bill's Provisions.

ALBANY, March 14.—After a session which lasted continuously for over nine hours, and was marked by scenes of the greatest confusion and disorder, the Assembly passed the Raines Excise bill on Thursday by a vote of 84 to 59. During a great part of the session the doors were kept locked to prevent the Democratic and Republican opponents of the bill from defeating its passage by leaving the chamber. While seventy-six members constitute a quorum, it was necessary that ninety should be present and voting, inasmuch as the bill is a tax measure.

No member was permitted to enter or depart without a written pass. Only ladies were permitted on the floor of the Assembly. Senators were rigidly excluded. Senator Cantor, the Democratic leader, applied for admission and was rebuffed.

When the Democrats refrained from answering to their names the Speaker directed the Clerk to note the fact that they were present, and they were counted with the others. At one time the disorder was so great that the Speaker threatened Assemblyman Trainor, of New York, with arrest unless he took his seat.

The passage of the bill was due very largely to the activity of the Speaker, both in the chair and on the floor, and the assistance he received from Leader O'Grady and Assemblyman S. Fred Nixon. At critical times, while he was on the floor the Speaker coached whichever of his lieutenants happened to be in the chair, and the rule of the majority was asserted with the utmost vigor. All the proposed amendments to the bill were voted down. Finally Speaker Fish took the floor and defended the measure in the closing speech of the day.

The roll call on the final passage of the bill was not concluded until 7 p. m. The forty-two Democrats who were present voted against the bill. Four Democrats and three Republicans were absent. They were: Ebbetts (Dem.) of Kings, Goodman (Dem.) of New York, Gray (Rep.) of Dutchess, Kempner (Dem.) of New York, Malone (Dem.) of New York, G. W. Hubbard, of New York, and G. W. Wilson (Rep.) of Brooklyn.

The following Republicans voted with the Democrats against the bill: Adler, French, Laimbeer, and Murphy of New York; Babcock of Cinautauqua; Blasdell, Braun, Hill, Peevers, C. Smith, Springweiler, and Steinel of Erie; Brennan, Degraw, Forrester, Hughes, and Wagstaff of Kings.

Mr. Kempner (Dem., N. Y.), who made the principal speech against the bill, had to leave, so that he was not present to vote against it. Most of the New York and Brooklyn members explained on the roll call that they would vote for the bill as a party measure if it were not for the great sentiment against it in their respective districts. Babcock, who is a free silver and temperance advocate, voted against it because it permits steamboats on Lake Cinautauqua, as elsewhere, to sell liquor.

The bill passed the Assembly just as it came from the Senate, and yesterday went to the Governor for Executive action.

Provisions of the Bill as Passed.

Abolition of all excise boards on April 30, 1896.

Termination of all excise licenses June 30, next.

Creation of State excise commissioner with headquarters in Albany, at salary of $5000, deputy at $4000, three special inspectors at $4000, $3000 and $2000; sixty confidential inspectors-at-large at $1200, and expenses for all.

A bureau at Albany with clerical help.

Gives one-third of the net revenue collected to the State, and two-thirds to the counties.

Allows county treasurers, except in counties containing cities of the first class, fees ranging from one per cent. to three per cent., the latter in country districts.

Prohibits all night licenses, and the sale of liquor on Sunday except in hotels with meals. This prohibition extends to clubs, where liquor may be sold only at meals.

Fine for violation of law is fixed at not less than twice the amount of license.

Allows local option in towns only and not in cities. Compels posting of liquor licenses in windows of saloons.

Prohibits saloons within two hundred feet of a church or school.

Allows courts to review applications for license, also petitions for revocation of license.

Hotels must have at least ten rooms for accommodation of guests to be rated as hotels.

Excise fee or license for saloons or places where the liquor is to be drunk on the premises to be $800 in New York City; $650 in Brooklyn; $500 in other cities of more than 50,000; $350 in cities of less than 50,000 and more than 10,000; $300 in places of less than 10,000, but more than 5000; $200 in villages of less than 5000 but more than 1200 inhabitants, and in all other places $160.

For the sale of liquors not to be drunk on the premises the tax is to be, in New York City, $500; in Brooklyn, $400; in cities of from 50,000 to 500,000 inhabitants, $300; in places of from 10,000 to 50,000 inhabitants, $200; in villages of from 50 0 to 10,000 inhabitants, $100; in villages of from 1200 to 5000 inhabitants, $75, and in other places, $50.

Druggists' licenses for the sale on prescription, except of alcohol for medicinal or mechanical purposes, $100 in New York; $75 in Brooklyn; in cities of from 50,000 to 500,000 inhabitants, $50; in cities of from 10,000 to 50,000 inhabitants, $30; in villages of from 5000 to 10,000 inhabitants, $20; in villages of from 1200 to 5000, $15, and in other places, $10.

Steamboat and car licenses for liquor to be drunk where sold, $200.

Act takes effect immediately.

Professor Roentgen Created a Baron.

In recognition of valuable services to his native country and to all the world, Prince Ludwig of Bavaria has created Professor Roentgen, of Wuerzburg, a Baron. A little more than a month ago the name of Professor Roentgen was only known in a few exclusive scientific circles, mainly for some speculative papers on clinical subjects. Today it is popular throughout the civilized world. Baron Roentgen was born in 1845 in Zurich, Switzerland.

Feared Rabies, Died in Convulsions.

Robert Wheeler, Sr., of White Mills, Penn., was bitten on the hand by a dog a year ago. He often expressed the fear that he would have hydrophobia. He fell in the roadway in violent convulsions. He died very soon. The doctors say he died of heart disease, not of hydrophobia.

Southern Cotton for Russia.

A Russian cotton manufacturer has been interviewed in St. Louis, after a tour of the cotton States. He says his firm will begin using Southern cotton instead of Egyptian.

The Labor World.

A union of laundry workers was organized in Syracuse, N. Y.

Stone cutters have been on strike in Chicago since January 6.

There is $1343 in the defense fund of the Building Trades Section

Abolition of the militia is advocated in the journal of the Knights of Labor.

Thorough organization of New York City laundry workers was commenced.

The Fall River (Mass.) mills have declared an average quarterly dividend of 1.93 per cent.

The window, flint and green glass union organizations in Indiana are forming a trust.

The Sheet and Plate Glass Glaziers' Union joined the Building Trades section.

Over $3,000,000 has been paid in benefits to members of Cigar Makers' International Union since it was organized.

The American Federation of Labor issued a circular to workingmen on the aims and benefits of thorough organization.

During the month of February $38,403 was paid to relatives of members of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen for sick benefits.

German-American Typographical Union decided to give $5 a week to each of its unemployed members not entitled to international benefits.

The trainmen on the Northern Alabama Railway struck for a reduction of working time and completely stopped the freight business of the road. On the following day the company conceded their demands.

THE MARKETS

Late Wholesale Prices of Country Produce Quoted in New York.

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MILK AND CREAM.

The average price paid for the surplus on the platforms has been $1.30 a can of 40 quarts. Receipts of milk and cream at the different railroad distributing points in and near the city for the week have been as follows:

Average daily receipts of the week, fluid milk, gals....	21,491
Condensed milk, gals.....	199
Cream, gals.....	395

BUTTER.

Creamery—Extras.....		@	22
Firsts.....	19½	@	21
Thirds to seconds.....	13	@	18
State—Fancy.....	—	@	20
Thirds to firsts.....	—	@	—
Western Im. Creamery.....	12	@	16½
Western Dairy.....	—	@	—
Factory, firsts.....	12	@	12½

CHEESE.

State—Fullcream, white, fancy	—	@	10¾
Full cream, good to prime..	9¾	@	10
State Factory—Part skims, large.....	3	@	5½
Part skims, small.....	—	@	—
Full skims.....	2	@	2½

EGGS.

State & Penn—Fresh.....	11½	@	11¾
Jersey—Fancy.....	12	@	12¾
Western—Prime to choice....	—	@	11
Southern—Best.....	10½	@	10¾
Duck eggs, ₱ doz.....	23	@	24

BEANS AND PEAS.

Beans—Marrow, 1895, choice.	1 30	@	1 32½
Medium, 1895, choice.....	—	@	1 25
Pea, 1895, choice.....	—	@	1 20
Red kidney, 1895, choice..	1 10	@	1 12½
White kidney, 1895, choice.	1 30	@	1 35
Black turtle soup, 1895.....	1 35	@	1 40
Lima, Cal., 1895, ₱ 60 lbs..	—	@	1 90
Green peas, bbls.....	—	@	82½

FRUITS AND BERRIES—FRESH.

Oranges, Cal., ₱ box.....	3 00	@	3 75
Grapes, Catawba, ₱ basket...	7	@	12
State, ₱ basket.....	7	@	12
Apples, Ben Davis, ₱ bbl....	3 00	@	3 75
Greening.....	3 00	@	3 75
Baldwin.....	3 00	@	3 50
Cranberries, Cape Co l, ₱ bbl,	7 00	@	11 50
Strawberries, Fla., ₱ qt.....	18	@	35

HOPS.

State—1895, choice, ₱ lb.....	7½	@	8
1895, common to fair.....	3½	@	5½
Pacific Coast, choice.....	—	@	7
Common to prime.....	3¼	@	6¼
Old odds, 1893.....	1½	@	2½

HAY AND STRAW.

Hay—Prime, ₱ 100 lb.....	95	@	1 00
Clover mixed.....	75	@	80
Straw—Long rye.....	85	@	95
Oat.....	50	@	55

VEGETABLES.

Potatoes, State Rose, ₱ bbl..	—	@	1 25
Maine Hebron, ₱ sack.....	—	@	1 00
Sweet, ₱ bbl.....	3 00	@	5 00
Cabbage, Danish, ₱ 100.....	—	@	8 00
Onions, white, ₱ bbl.....	1 00	@	2 00
Yellow, ₱ bbl.....	1 00	@	1 75
Squash, Hubbard, ₱ bbl.....	75	@	1 25
Celery, ₱ doz. stalks.....	15	@	1 25
Carrots.....	60	@	1 00
Turnips, Russia.....	75	@	90
Cauliflower, ₱ case.....	1 50	@	3 00
Lettuce, ₱ basket.....	1 00	@	3 00
Tomatoes, ₱ carrier.....	1 50	@	3 50
Green peas, Fla., ₱ crate....	1 00	@	4 00
String beans, ₱ crate.....	1 50	@	3 00
Beets, ₱ crate.....	1 25	@	1 50
Kale, ₱ bbl.....	1 50	@	2 00
Spinach, ₱ bbl.....	2 00	@	3 00
Asparagus, ₱ doz bunches..	3 00	@	8 00

LIVE POULTRY.

Fowls, ₱ lb.....	10	@	10½
Chickens, ₱ lb.....	10	@	10½
Roosters, old, ₱ lb.....	—	@	6
Turkeys, ₱ lb.....	11	@	12
Ducks, ₱ pair.....	60	@	90
Geese, ₱ pair.....	1 25	@	1 75
Pigeons, ₱ pair.....	30	@	40

DRESSED POULTRY.

Turkeys, ₱ lb.....	11	@	14
Chickens, Phila. broilers, pair.	25	@	28
Western, dry picked.....	10	@	10½
Fowls, ₱ lb.....	—	@	10
Ducks, ₱ lb.....	15	@	17
Geese, ₱ lb.....	9	@	11
Squabs, ₱ doz.....	1 75	@	2 75

GRAIN, ETC.

Flour—City Patents.....	4 20	@	4 45
Spring Patents.....	3 60	@	3 70
Wheat—No. 2 Red.....	—	@	81
May.....	—	@	70
Corn—No. 2.....	—	@	40
Oats—No. 2 White.....	—	@	26¾
Track, White.....	26	@	29
Rye—Car lots.....	42	@	43
Barley—Malting.....	47	@	50
Seeds—Timothy, ₱ 100.....	3 50	@	4 50
Clover.....	6 25	@	8 25
Lard—City steam.....	—	@	5.05

LIVE STOCK.

Beeves, city dressed.....	6	@	7¼
Milch cows, com. to good ..	—	@	—
Calves, city dressed.....	6	@	10½
Country dressed.....	6	@	9¾
Sheep, ₱ 100 lbs.....	3 00	@	4 12½
Lambs, ₱ 100 lbs.....	—	@	5 15
Hogs—Live, ₱ 100 lbs.....	4 25	@	4 60
Dressed.....	5	@	7

A DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE.

Senator Frye Explains the Bill Which He Has Introduced.

Senator Frye, of Maine, who introduced a bill to create a department of commerce and manufactures, says that the bill was the outgrowth of the resolutions adopted by the National Board of Trade at its last annual meeting held in Washington, and he introduced it in response to a growing demand from business men and commercial bodies all over the country who thought the necessity for such a measure existed. It enlarges the Cabinet by the appointment of an additional Secretary and takes from the State Department a portion of its duties and from the Treasury Department all of its present functions that relate entirely to commerce, its protection and development, such as the life saving service, lighthouse board, marine hospital service, steamboat inspection, bureau of navigation, coast and geodetic survey, bureau of statistics, etc.

The Bureau of Statistics of the State Department is merged with the same bureau in the Treasury Department, and both bureaus are placed under the new department.

Consular officers and commercial agents are likewise transferred from the State to this proposed department.

Koreans Lose Their Queues.

Woe after woe has descended upon the poor Korean, and now the worst of all has come. The order has been promulgated, says a report from Seoul, that queues must be cut. The Koreans show that they still have a spark of courage and patriotism left. They have run from the Chinese and from the Japanese, and from one another, and now they are running to save their queues. All the policemen of Seoul carry scissors in their pockets, and when they see a native still wearing his queue they give chase, and keep after him until they have accomplished their fell design.

Movable Sidewalk for Germany.

A moveable sidewalk similar to the one operated on the big pier at Jackson Park during the World's Fair in Chicago, has been shipped form New York to Germany. The sidewalk is to be operated at the Berlin Industrial Exposition. The Krupps are interested in the foreign company that is installing the road.

A Terrible Snow Storm.

The Government of Orel, Russia, has been visited by a terrible snowstorm. Reports state that 13) persons were frozen to death in one night. Large numbers of horses and cattle were also frozen.

Newsy Gleanings.

England buys American hops.

Jerusalem is exporting oranges.

Spain has purchased 30,000 rifles in Germany.

Seven ex-Mayors of New York are living in the city.

Louisville, Ky., is the bat market of the baseball world.

The death of a Hebrew in the poorhouse is the cause of much comment at Clinton, Tenn.

Western artists have formed a combination to exhibit their work independent of dealers.

River men at Pittsburg fear a flood as a result of the heavy snow in Western Pennsylvania.

Prices of raw phosphates are low and many mines in the South and in Canada are shut down.

Edison declares that by the use of X rays he has been able to see through several books of 1000 pages each.

Forty-two French convicts transported to Cayenne have succeeded in making their escape during the last twelve months.

A recent despatch from Southern Africa stated that rain has fallen in the Namagua country for the first time in two years.

The owner of a big sheep farm out in Nebraska sheared 5000 of his sheep before the March blizzard, thinking spring had come.

Potatoes are selling for eight cents a bushel in many parts of Michigan, and there is but little demand for them even at that price.

WAY FOR SETTLEMENT OPEN.

Negotiations to End the Venezuelan Dispute in Progress.

In the British House of Commons Sir Albert Kaye Rollit, Independent Conservative member for the South Division of Islington, asked what truth there was in the reports that the United States Government had expressed willingness that the Venezuelan dispute should be referred to a joint commission for consideration and settlement. The Right Hon. George N. Curzon, Parliamentary Secretary to the Foreign Office, replied that the Government had received official proposals from the United States Government on the subject of the Venezuelan difficulty, and that these proposals were now in course of negotiation, and, therefore, he could not communicate them to the House. Mr. Curzon said, however, that the proposals made by the United States were not accurately described by the language in the question.

White State Department officials of Washington decline to divulge the nature of Secretary Olney's latest suggestion to Lord Salisbury in regard to a method of settling the Venezuelan dispute, it is understood that the way has been opened for negotiations which are expected to result in some plan of adjusting the boundary claims satisfactory to all concerned. The reply of Great Britain to Mr. Olney's proposal has not yet actually reached the State Department, but it is on the way, and there are good reasons for believing that Sir Julian Pauncefote, the British Ambassador, has within the last twenty-four hours received full instructions to enter into negotiations on the subject.

HIS MOTHER SAW HIM HANGED.

Cherokee Bill Dies Game on the Scaffold at Fort Smith, Ark.

At 2.13 p. m. Crawford Goldsby, alias "Cherokee Bill," was hanged at Fort-Smith, Ark. The desperado was the coolest man in the crowd. On the gallows, in reply to the question if he had anything to say, Bill answered: "No, I came here to die; not to talk." Turning, he kissed his mother goodby, and, with a smile on his face, walked to his place on the trap.

Bill got his wonderful nerve from his mother. She stood by him on the gallows without flinching or shedding a tear. She took the body to Fort Gibson at 3 o'clock. Crawford Goldsby was the name conferred upon Cherokee Bill when he was born at Fort Gibson, Indian Territory, February 8, 1876. He was one of the robbers who infested the Indian Territory during the reign of terror of 1894 and belonged to the Cook gang. He worked with Bill Cook on the ranch in the Creek Nation, near Tulsa. Cherokee Bill became an outlaw at the age of fourteen. He shot a man with whom he had quarrelled, and from that time until his arrest he was on the scout, suspicious of every one except his mother and sister, and counting no friend so dear as his rifle.

OUR MINISTER WAS RIGHT.

Had Mr. Terrell Been Supported, Massacres Would Have Been Averted.

A private letter from a gentleman in Constantinople, familiar with recent occurrences in Armenia, says:

"The request made by the Duke of Westminster that the United States should depart from their policy and instruct Minister Terrell to strengthen the hands of Sir Philip Currie in protecting all natives educated in missionary schools attracts

ALEXANDER W. TERRELL, UNITED STATES MINISTER TO TURKEY.

attention. It is remembered that Mr. Terrell openly expressed the opinion that European pressure for reforms, repulsive to the Turks, which were to admit to the army a subject race, should be successful, a general massacre was sure to result, unless concerted and armed co-operation among the Powers prevented it.

"It is now known that there was no such co-operation. It is also known that on the very day these reforms were announced Mr. Terrell demanded immediate military protection for all missionaries. It is now seen that if the Duke of Westminster had, at the proper time, strengthened the hands of the American Minister at Constantinople there would have been no massacre."

CUBA'S SUGAR CROP.

The Probable Shortage as Compared With That of a Former Period.

It is now the middle of the grinding season in Cuba, and in the great sugar producing provinces of Matanzas and Havana not one estate is grinding. No others dare begin. The same is true in Matanzas. The wet season will soon be here. Estates have been ordered by General Weyler to grind. It is impossible for them to comply.

Estimating the amount of sugar at the mills held back through interference with transportation at 10,000 tons—a liberal fig